



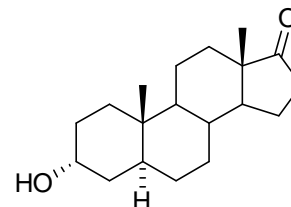
CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA D550d: Androsterone

Report ID: D550d.2022.05 (Ampouled 220120)

Chemical Formula: C₁₉H₃₀O₂

Molecular Weight: 290.4 g/mol



Certified value

Batch No.	CAS No.	Mass per ampoule
21-S-03	53-41-8	1001 ± 19 µg

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit ($k = 2$).

IUPAC name: (3 α ,5 α)-3-Hydroxyandrostane-17-one.

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 12 December 2025, i.e. three years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to ampoules that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials. The material will be re-tested on an annual basis to ensure that the property values are still valid. In the event a product fails the stability trial, notification will be sent to all impacted customers.

Description: The compound is supplied as a dried aliquot in a sealed ampoule under an atmosphere of argon. The CRM is intended for a single use to prepare a standard solution containing D550d. This material was sourced from an external supplier and certified for identity and purity by NMIA.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Open the ampoule and carefully rinse the interior at least three times with a suitable organic solvent (e.g. methanol). This will transfer 1001 ± 19 µg of anhydrous androsterone. The mass of analyte in each ampoule is calculated from the assigned purity of the bulk and the concentration of bulk material in a stock solution used to prepare the ampoules.

Recommended storage: When not in use, this material should be stored at or below 4 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance approach all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%. Quantitative NMR provides an independent direct measure of the mass fraction of the analyte of interest, calibrated with an internal standard certified for purity (mass fraction).

Stability: In the absence of long term stability data the measurement uncertainty at the 95% coverage interval has been expanded to accommodate any potential change in the property value. The stability component has been estimated from stability trials conducted on similar materials by NMI Australia over the last ten years.

The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on seven randomly selected ampoules of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

S. R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies,
Team Leader,
Chemical Reference Materials, NMI.
23 December 2022

This report supersedes any issued prior to 23 December 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

CIPM MRA notice: This certificate is consistent with the capabilities that are included in Appendix C of the MRA drawn up by the CIPM. Under the CIPM MRA, all participating institutes recognise the validity of each other's calibration and measurement certificates for the quantities, ranges and measurement uncertainties specified in the KCDB (for details see <http://www.bipm.org/kcdb/>). The "CIPM MRA Logo" and this statement attest only to the measurement(s) applied for determining the certified values on the certificate.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

GC-FID: Instrument: Agilent 8890
 Column: HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm
 Program: 180 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 240 °C (10 min), 30 °C/min to 300 °C (5 min)
 Injector: 250 °C
 Detector Temp: 320 °C
 Carrier: Helium
 Split ratio: 20/1
 Relative mass fraction of the main component:
 Initial analysis: Mean = 99.8%, s = 0.01% (7 ampoules in duplicate, January 2022)
 Re-analysis: Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.01% (5 ampoules in duplicate, December 2022)

The following analytical data was obtained on the bulk material subsequently used in the preparation of the ampoules.

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis, and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

$$\text{Purity} = (100 \% - I_{\text{ORG}}) \times (100 \% - I_{\text{VOL}} - I_{\text{NVR}}) \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

Supporting evidence is provided by quantitative NMR (qNMR) and elemental microanalysis. The purity value obtained by qNMR was determined using the one-proton multiplet at 3.89 ppm measured against a certified internal standard of dimethyl sulfone.

GC-FID: Instrument: Agilent 8890
 Column: HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm
 Program: 180 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 240 °C (10 min), 30 °C/min to 300 °C (5 min)
 Injector: 250 °C
 Detector Temp: 320 °C
 Carrier: Helium
 Split ratio: 20/1
 Relative mass fraction of the main component:
 Initial analysis: Mean = 99.8%, s = 0.01% (10 sub samples in duplicate, November 2021)

Karl Fischer analysis: Moisture content ≤ 0.1% mass fraction (November 2021)

Thermogravimetric analysis: Volatiles content < 0.1% and non-volatile residue < 0.2% mass fraction (November 2021)

qNMR: Instrument: Bruker Avance-III-500
 Field strength: 500 MHz
 Solvent: MeCN-*d*₃ (1.94 ppm)
 Internal standard: Dimethyl sulfone (100.0% mass fraction)
 Initial analysis: Mean (3.89 ppm) = 99.7%, s = 0.2% (6 sub samples, November 2021)

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS:	Instrument:	Agilent 6890/5973
	Column:	DB-5MS, 30 m x 0.25 mm I.D. x 0.25 μ m
	Program:	180 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
	Injector:	250 °C
	Split ratio:	20/1
	Transfer line temp:	280 °C
	Carrier:	Helium, 1.0 mL/min
	Scan range:	50-550 <i>m/z</i>
	The retention time of androsterone is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectra. The latter are reported as mass/charge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak.	
	Parent (10.9 min):	290 (M^+ , 71), 275 (20), 272 (52), 257 (26), 246 (28), 239 (14), 231 (10), 213 (16), 201 (24), 190 (26), 173 (13), 165 (19), 147 (38), 133 (28), 124 (27), 108 (82), 97 (49), 91 (100), 79 (87), 67 (78), 55 (70) <i>m/z</i>
TLC:	Conditions:	Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . Hexane/ethyl acetate (4:1) Single spot observed, $R_f = 0.2$. Visualisation with vanillin.
IR:	Instrument:	Bruker Alpha Platinum ATR
	Range:	4000-400 cm^{-1} , neat
	Peaks:	3523, 2979, 2880, 2849, 1717, 1447, 1030, 831, 489 cm^{-1}
¹ H NMR:	Instrument:	Bruker Avance III-500
	Field strength:	500 MHz
	Solvent:	CDCl_3 (7.26 ppm)
	Spectral data:	δ 0.80 (3H, s), 0.81 (1H, m), 0.86 (3H, s), 1.01 (1H, dq, $J = 4.9, 12.5$ Hz), 1.18-1.36 (7H, m), 1.40 (1H, dq, $J = 13.4, 2.6$ Hz), 1.45-1.72 (8H, m), 1.77-1.83 (2H, m), 1.93 (1H, m), 2.06 (1H, dt, $J = 8.4, 19.2$ Hz), 2.43 (1H, ddd, $J = 0.9, 8.9, 19.3$ Hz), 4.05 (1H, m) ppm TBME was quantified at 0.2% mass fraction
¹³ C NMR:	Instrument:	Bruker Avance III-500
	Field strength:	126 MHz
	Solvent:	CDCl_3 (7.26 ppm)
	Spectral data:	δ 11.3, 14.0, 20.2, 21.9, 28.4, 29.1, 31.0, 31.7, 32.3, 35.2, 35.9, 36.0, 36.4, 39.2, 47.9, 51.6, 54.6, 66.5, 221.6 ppm
Melting point:	186-187 °C	
Microanalysis:	Found:	C = 78.6%; H = 10.4% (November, 2021)
	Calculated:	C = 78.6%; H = 10.4% (Calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_2$)