



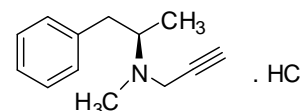
CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA D822: Selegiline hydrochloride

Report ID: D822.2019.03

Chemical Formula: C₁₃H₁₇N.HCl

Molecular Weight: 223.8 g/mol (HCl salt), 187.3 g/mol (base)



Certified value

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity (mass fraction)
03-D-10	14611-52-0	99.8 ± 0.3%

The uncertainty is stated at the 95% confidence limit.

Synonyms: *R*-(-)-*N*, α -Dimethyl-*N*-2-propynyl-phenethylamine hydrochloride

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 18 November 2024, i.e. five years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: White powder prepared by synthesis or sourced from an external supplier, certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

Recommended storage: When not in use this material should be stored at or below 25 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance approach all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%. Quantitative NMR provides an independent direct measure of the mass fraction of the analyte of interest, calibrated with an internal standard certified for purity (mass fraction).

Stability: This material has demonstrated stability over a minimum period of five years. The measurement uncertainty at the 95% coverage interval includes a stability component which has been estimated from long term stability trials. The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on seven randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Caution: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

S. R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies,
Team Leader,
Chemical Reference Materials, NMI.
15 September 2022

This report supersedes any issued prior to 15 September 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

$$\text{Purity} = (100\% - I_{\text{ORG}}) \times (100\% - I_{\text{VOL}} - I_{\text{NVR}}) \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

Supporting evidence is provided by elemental microanalysis.

GC-FID: Instrument: HP 6890N
 Column: HP-1, 30 m x 0.32 mm I.D. x 0.25 µm I.D.
 Program: 100 °C (0.5 min), 10 °C/min to 250 °C (4 min)
 Injector Temp: 250 °C
 Detector Temp: 320 °C
 Carrier: Helium
 Split ratio: 20/1
 Initial analysis: Mean > 99.9% (7 sub samples in duplicate, September 2003)
 Re-analysis: Mean = 100.0%, s = 0 (5 sub samples in duplicate, January 2007)

GC-FID: Instrument: Varian CP3800
 Column: VF-1ms, 30 m x 0.32 mm I.D. x 0.25 µm I.D.
 Program: 100 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 180 °C, 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
 Injector Temp: 250 °C
 Detector Temp: 320 °C
 Carrier: Helium
 Split ratio: 20/1
 Initial analysis: Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.01% (5 sub-samples in duplicate, January 2010)
 Re-analysis: Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.02% (5 sub-samples in duplicate, November 2014)
 Re-analysis: Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.001% (5 sub-samples in duplicate, November 2019)

Karl Fischer analysis: Moisture content < 0.2% mass fraction (October 2006 and December 2009)
 Moisture content < 0.2% mass fraction (November 2014 and 2019)

Thermogravimetric analysis: Volatile content not determined due to apparent decomposition and/or sublimation at 120 °C (September 2003 & November 2005).
 Non-volatile residue content < 0.2% mass fraction (September 2003).

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS:	Instrument: HP 6890/5973 Column: Zebron ZB-5, 30 m x 0.25 mm I.D. x 0.30 μ m Program: 160 $^{\circ}$ C to 300 $^{\circ}$ C at 12 $^{\circ}$ C/min Injector: 250 $^{\circ}$ C Transfer line temp: 280 $^{\circ}$ C Carrier: Helium, 1.0 mL/min Split ratio: 30/1 The retention time of the free base is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectrum. The latter are reported in mass/charge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak. Parent (7.8 min): 97 (7), 96 (100), 91 (10), 65 (4), 56 (14) <i>m/z</i> Conforms with a reference mass spectrum for selegiline.
TLC:	Conditions: Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . Diisopropylether/diethylether/diethylamine (45/45/10) Single spot observed, R _f = 0.67 (3 samples).
IR:	Instrument: Biorad FTS 3000MX FT-IR Range: 4000-400 cm^{-1} , KBr Peaks: 3229, 2943, 2483, 2124, 1456, 1373, 1094, 1015, 982, 766, 736 cm^{-1} Conforms with a reference IR spectrum for selegiline
¹ H NMR:	Instrument: Bruker DMX600 Field strength: 600 MHz Solvent: D ₂ O Key spectral data: δ 1.25 (3H, d), 2.93 (3H, s), 3.11 (1H, t), 3.15 (1H, dd), 7.3-7.4 (3H, m), 7.40-7.44 (2H, m) ppm
¹³ C NMR:	Instrument: Bruker DMX600 Field strength: 151 MHz Solvent: D ₂ O (at 360 K) Spectral data: δ 13.9, 37.1, 37.7, 44.6, 63.3, 73.6, 81.2, 128.6, 130.2, 130.5, 136.9 ppm
Melting point:	140-142 $^{\circ}$ C
Microanalysis:	Found: C = 70.0%; H = 8.2%; N = 6.3% (September 2003) Calculated: C = 69.8%; H = 8.1%; N = 6.3 % (Calculated for C ₁₃ H ₁₇ N.HCl)