National Measurement Institute

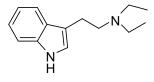


CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA D675: N,N-Diethyltryptamine

Report ID: D675.2021.02

Chemical Formula: C₁₄H₂₀N₂ Molecular Weight: 216.3 g/mol



Certified value

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity (mass fraction)
00-D-04	61-51-8	99.0 ± 0.8%

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit (k = 2).

IUPAC name: N,N-Diethyl-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethanamine

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 10 August 2031, i.e. ten years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases, it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: Tan solid prepared by synthesis, certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

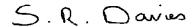
Recommended storage: When not in use, this material should be stored at or below 4 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance approach all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%.

Stability: This material has demonstrated stability over a minimum period of five years. The measurement uncertainty at the 95% coverage interval includes a stability component which has been estimated from annual stability trials. The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on ten randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.



Dr Stephen R. Davies, Team Leader, Chemical Reference Materials, NMI. 14 September 2022.

This report supersedes any issued prior to 14 September 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

Purity = $(100 \% - I_{ORG}) \times (100 \% - I_{VOL} - I_{NVR})$

Equation 1

 I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

Supporting evidence is provided by qualitative elemental microanalysis.

GC-FID: Instrument: Agilent 6890N or 7890

Column: HP-1 Capillary, 30 m \times 0.32 mm l.D. \times 0.25 μ m

Program: 120 °C (1 min), 12 °C/min to 210 °C, 20 °C/min to 300°C (3 min)

Injector: 250 °C
Detector Temp: 320 °C
Carrier: Helium
Split ratio: 20/1

Relative mass fraction of the main component:

Initial analysis: Mean = 99.7%, s = 0.03% (10 sub samples in duplicate, February 2001) Re-analysis: Mean = 99.1%, s = 0.02% (5 sub samples in duplicate, November 2008) Re-analysis: Mean = 99.2%, s = 0.03% (5 sub samples in duplicate, November 2011) Re-analysis: Mean = 99.0%, s = 0.02% (5 sub samples in duplicate, September 2016) Re-analysis: Mean = 99.4%, s = 0.03% (5 sub samples in duplicate, August 2021)

Karl Fischer analysis: Moisture content < 0.2% mass fraction (October 2006, November 2008 and November

2011)

Moisture content < 0.3% mass fraction (September 2016)

Moisture content 0.4% mass fraction (June 2021)

Thermogravimetric analysis: Volatile content not determined. Non-volatile residue < 0.2 mass fraction % (April 2001)

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS: Instrument: HP 6890/5973

Column: Zebron ZB-5, $30 \text{ m} \times 0.25 \text{ mm I.D.} \times 0.30 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$ Program: $120 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (1 \text{ min}), \, 20 \,^{\circ}\text{C/min to } 280 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (3 \text{ min})$

Injector: 250°C Transfer line temp: 280 °C

Carrier: Helium, 1.8 mL/min

Split ratio: 20/1

The retention time is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectrum. The latter are reported as mass/charge

ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the intensity of the base peak.

4.7 min: 216 (M⁺, 1), 144 (5), 143 (4), 130 (10), 115 (3), 86 (100), 77 (3), 58 (4) m/z.

TLC: Conditions: Kieselgel 60F₂₅₄. Chloroform/methanol/diethylamine (88/12/1)

Single spot observed, $R_f = 0.21$

IR: Instrument: FT-IR, Biorad WIN FTS40

Range: 4000-400 cm⁻¹, KBr

Peaks: 2968, 2824, 1618, 1451, 1362, 1233, 1115, 737 cm⁻¹

¹H NMR: Instrument: Bruker DMX-500

Field strength: 500 MHz

Solvent: CDCl₃ (7.26 ppm)

Spectral data: δ 1.13 (6H, t, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.70 (4H, q, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.84 (2H, m), 2.96 (2H, m), 7.00 (1H,

d, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 1.0, 8.0 Hz), 7.19 (1H, dt, J = 1.2, 7.0 Hz), 7.35 (1H, d, J = 1.2, 7.0 Hz), 7.35 (1H, d,

= 8.1 Hz), 7.62 (1H, dd, J = 0.7, 7.9 Hz), 8.30 (1H, bs) ppm

¹H NMR shows the presence of both toluene and hexane in 0.52% total mass fraction (October 2006)

¹³C NMR: Instrument: Bruker DMX-500

Field strength: 126 MHz

Solvent: CDCl₃ (77.2 ppm)

Spectral data: δ 11.5, 22.6, 46.8, 53.4, 111.1, 114.3, 118.7, 119.1, 121.4, 121.8, 127.4, 136.2 ppm

Melting point: 85-87 °C

Microanalysis: Found: C = 77.6 %, H = 9.1 %, N = 12.9 % (June, 2001)

Calculated: C = 77.7 %, H = 9.3 %, N = 12.9 % (Calculated for $C_{14}H_{20}N_2$)