



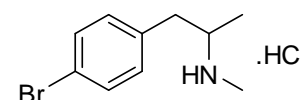
CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA D1028: (\pm)-4-Bromomethamphetamine hydrochloride

Report ID: D1028.2020.03

Chemical Formula: C₁₀H₁₄BrN.HCl

Molecular Weight: 264.6 g/mol (HCl), 228.1 g/mol (base)



Certified value

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity (mass fraction)
14-D-28	30651-67-3 (HCl) 4302-85-6 (base)	99.8 \pm 0.3%

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit ($k = 2$).

IUPAC name: 1-(4-Bromophenyl)-N-methyl-2-propanamine hydrochloride

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 20 April 2025, i.e. five years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: White powder prepared by synthesis, and certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

Recommended storage: When not in use this material should be stored at or below 25 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance approach all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%.

Stability: The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on seven randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

S. R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies,
Team Leader,
Chemical Reference Materials, NMI.
21 September 2022

This report supersedes any issued prior to 21 September 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained from a combination of traditional analytical techniques. The techniques used in the mass balance approach include GC-FID Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

$$\text{Purity} = (100\% - I_{\text{ORG}}) \times (100\% - I_{\text{VOL}} - I_{\text{NVR}}) \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue

Supporting evidence is provided by qNMR, qualitative headspace GC-MS analysis of occluded solvents and elemental microanalysis.

GC-FID:	Instrument:	Varian CP-3800
	Column:	VF-1MS, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm
	Program:	60 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 100 °C, 15 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
	Injector:	180 °C
	Detector Temp:	320 °C
	Carrier:	Helium
	Split ratio:	20/1
	Relative mass fraction of the main component as the free base:	
	Initial analysis:	Mean = 99.7%, s = 0.05% (7 sub samples in duplicate, August 2014)
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.8%, s = 0.04% (7 sub samples in duplicate, July 2015)
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.01% (5 sub samples in duplicate (June 2016)
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.01% (5 sub samples in duplicate (April 2020)
Karl Fischer analysis:	Moisture content < 0.1% mass fraction (September 2014, June 2016)	
	Moisture content 0.2% mass fraction (July 2015, April 2020)	
qNMR:	Instrument:	Bruker Avance-III-500
	Field strength:	500 MHz
	Solvent:	D ₂ O (4.79 ppm)
	Internal standard:	Maleic acid (98.7% mass fraction)
	Initial analysis:	Mean (1.23 ppm) = 99.2%, s = 0.2% (5 sub samples, August 2014)
	Initial analysis:	Mean (3.00 ppm) = 99.9%, s = 0.2% (5 sub samples, August 2014)
	Initial analysis:	Mean (7.53 ppm) = 99.6%, s = 0.3% (5 sub samples, August 2014)

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS: Instrument: HP6890/5973
 Column: TG1-MS, 30 m x 0.25 mm I.D. x 0.25 µm
 Program: 60 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min 100 °C, 15 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
 Injector: 180 °C
 Split ratio: 20/1
 Transfer line temp: 280 °C
 Carrier: Helium
 Scan range: 50-550 *m/z*

The retention time of the parent compound is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectra. The latter are reported as mass/charge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak.

Free base (10.5 min): 214 (1), 212 (1), 171 (5), 169 (5), 90 (7), 89 (7), 58 (100) *m/z*

ESI-MS: Instrument: Micromass Quatro LC Micro
 Operation: Positive ion mode, direct infusion at 10 µL/min
 Ionisation: ESI spray voltage at 3.5 kV positive ion
 EM voltage: 650 V
 Cone voltage: 2 V
 Peak: 230 (M^{Br81}+H⁺), 228 (M^{Br79}+H⁺) *m/z*

IR: Instrument: Bruker Alpha Platinum ATR
 Range: 4000-400 cm⁻¹, neat
 Peaks: 2963, 2723, 1716, 1475, 1070, 1012, 797 cm⁻¹

¹H NMR: Instrument: Bruker Avance III-500
 Field strength: 500 MHz
 Solvent: D₂O (4.79 ppm)
 Spectral data: δ 1.23 (3H, d, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 2.68 (3H, s), 2.82 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 13.9 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, *J* = 6.1, 13.9 Hz), 3.49 (1H, m), 7.18 (2H, d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 7.53 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz) ppm

¹³C NMR: Instrument: Bruker Avance III-500
 Field strength: 126 MHz
 Solvent: D₂O
 Spectral data: δ 14.7, 29.9, 38.1, 56.1, 120.6, 131.3, 131.8, 134.8 ppm

Melting point: 155-158 °C

Microanalysis: Found: C = 45.6%; H = 5.7%; N = 5.3%; Br = 30.6%; Cl = 13.3% (September, 2014)
 Calculated: C = 45.4%; H = 5.7%; N = 5.3%; Br = 30.2%; Cl = 13.4%
 (Calculated for C₁₀H₁₄BrN.HCl)