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CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL No 6/10B/20

This is to certify that the patterns of the

Schenck Weighing Instrument Model NS (Combination)

submitted by Fraser, Hrones & Co. Pty Ltd, 63 Alexander Street, Crow's Nest, New South Wales, 2065,

have been approved under the Weights and Measures (Patterns of Instruments) gulations as being suitable for use for trade.

Date of Approval: 21 October 1976

The patterns are described in Technical Schedule No 6/10B/20, and in drawings and specifications lodged with the Commission.

The approval is subject to review on or after 1 October 1981.

All instruments conforming to this approval shall be marked with the approval number "NSC No 6/10B/20".

The approval of the basework described in the pattern is limited to two instruments operated by the NSW Department of Main Roads at Granville, New South Wales.

Signed

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Acting Executive Officer



NATIONAL STANDARDS COMMISSION

TECHNICAL SCHEDULE No 6/10B/20

Pattern: Scnenck Weigning Instrument Model NS (Combination)

Submittor: Fraser, Hrones & Co. Pty Ltd, 63 Alexander Street, CROW'S NEST, New South Wales, 2065.

Date of Approval: 21 October 1976

Conditions of Approval:

- 1. The approval of the basework described in the pattern is limited to two instruments operated by the NSW Department of Main Roads at Granville, New South Wales.
- All instruments conforming to this approval shall be marked "NSC No 6/10B/20".

Description:

The pattern (see Figures 1 and 2) is a self-indicating combination weighbridge with a Schenck combination neadwork Model NS and two three-lever baseworks. The two baseworks each nave a maximum capacity of 40 tonnes when coupled to the neadwork independently or a combined capacity of 50 tonnes when coupled to the neadwork together.

The Schenck NS combination headwork comprises:

- 1. Headwork cabinet (see Figures 1 and 2).
- 2. Single-pendulum-resistant mechanism (see Figures 3, 4 and 5) with a steel ribbon drive from the main headwork lever. The pendulum carries a transparent graticule (see Figures 5 and 6) marked with up to 3000 graduations which are projected on to a ground-glass weight reading face and a magnetic damping mechanism in the form of a copper blade which passes through the field of a permanent magnet (see Figure 6).
- 3. Main neadwork lever (see Figures 4 and 5). No zero adjustment or taring device is provided.

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- 4. Seal the rear cover of the upper neadwork is sealed by stamping plugs.
- 5. Platform-combining unit (see Figures 2 and 7) containing two balancing levers each with a motorised zero-adjustment weight, a compensating weight and a common intermediate lever. The pullrod from each basework is coupled to a balancing lever. The balancing levers are in turn coupled to a common intermediate lever and by a pullrod to the main lever in the upper headwork. A selector lever allows the left basework, both baseworks, or the right basework, to be connected to the headwork. The compensating weight will be engaged when only one basework is selected.

The instructions for balancing are located on the front of the control unit (see Figure 8).

6. Control unit (see Figure 8) — provides a zero on/off key, two zero-adjustment toggle switcnes marked "- zero +" and a power switcn. The zero-adjustment toggle switcnes, which are only activated when the control key is "on", each control the position of a zero-balance weight of maximum effect 0,4% of the capacity of a single basework.

Each basework-lever system (see Figure 9) consists of two main levers and a transfer lever. Each main lever is constructed from a steel tube to which one long and two short arms are welded. The longest transfer lever, which is constructed from two steel tubes which are welded together to prevent twisting, has three short arms welded to it and one long arm bolted to a fixing plate. The short transfer lever is similar, except constructed from one steel tube. Counterbalance weights are suspended from the end of each transfer lever to prevent the knife-edges lifting from the fulcrums.

Additional transfer levers are fitted to provide the correct force reduction to the headwork.

The instrument is clearly marked adjacent to the weight reading face:

		III		
Platform		Left	Botn	Rignt
Max	=	40 t	50 t	40 t
Min	=	1 t	1 t	1 t
d = e	=	0,02 t	0,02 t	0,02 t

The approval includes the baseworks of other Commission-approved patterns replacing the three-lever baseworks described in the patterns,

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provided that:

- the basework* is of an instrument conventionally known as a platform weigning machine, weignbridge or nopper scale, etc., where the neadwork and basework are separate assemblies connected by a mechanical linkage;
- tne capacity of the instrument is not more than the capacity approved for the basework;
- 3. the instrument is installed in a fixed position;
- 4. the instrument is marked:

"Approval Numbers

Headwork NSC No 6/10B/20 Basework No 1 NSC No Basework No 2 NSC No

Special Tests:

1. Motion Detector

Place a load equal to $1\frac{1}{2}$ graduations on the load receptor, disturb the weigning mechanism and press the print button to record the load. Check that a second operation of the print button does not cause the printer to operate. Without disturbing the weigning mechanism, remove the $1\frac{1}{2}$ -graduation load and press the print button; a new load value should be printed after a delay of not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ seconds.

This sequence should be repeated at several loads up to the instrument's capacity.

2. Test Loads

The application of the test loads specified in Table 1 and the display of these loads within the applicable tolerance will check that the instrument operates in accordance with the approved design.

^{*} The basework design may be varied by reducing the lever ratio of the transfer lever, or by including an additional force breakdown or transfer lever to match the pullrod force to the load cell.

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Test load in scale intervals*

0	10	25	60	120	250	698,5
1	12	30	70	140	300	798,5
2	14	35	80	160	350	898,5
3	16	40	90	180	400	998,5
4	18	45	100	200	450	1198,5
5	20	50			500	1398,5
6						1598,5
7						1798,5
8						1998,5
9						2498
						2997

Note: The test load should include a test at maximum capacity, less the tolerance and less 0,5 scale interval.

^{*} Test load = Number of scale intervals × scale interval



Scnenck Model NS Combination Headwork



Scnenck Model NS Combination Headwork

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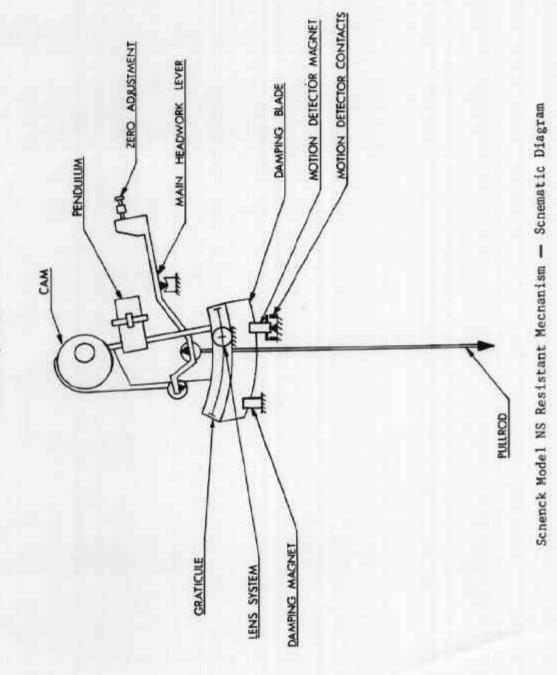


Schenck Model NS Resistant and Tare Mechanism



Schenck Model NS Resistant Mechanism







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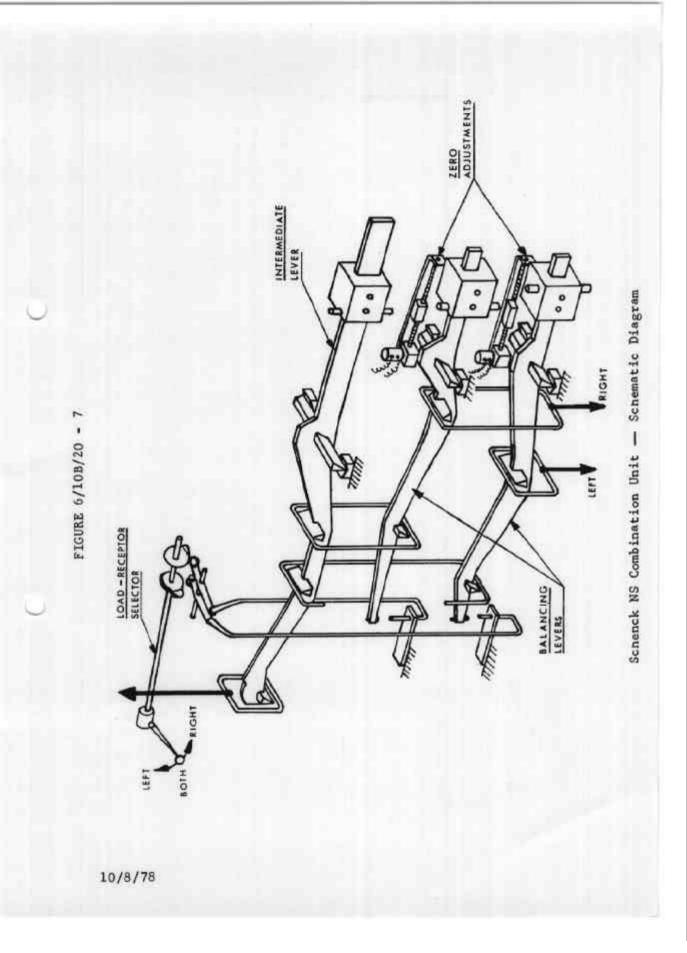


FIGURE 6/10B/20 - 8



Control Unit

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