

中华人民共和国价格法 Pricing Law of the People's Republic of China

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国主席令第92号) of the People's Republic of China.

第一章 总则 CHAPTER I — GENERAL PRINCIPLES

第一条 Article 1.

为了规范价格行为,发挥价 This Law is formulated to standardise pricing acts, to give full 格合理配置资源的作用,稳定市 play to the role of prices in the fair allocation of resources, to 场价格总水平,保护消费者和经 stabilise the general level of market prices, to safeguard the legal 营者的合法权益,促进社会主义 rights and interests of consumers and operators and to promote 市场经济健康发展,制定本法。 the healthy development of socialist market economy.

第二条 Article 2.

在中华人民共和国境内发生 This Law will apply to pricing acts which occur within the territory 的价格行为,适用本法。 of the People's Republic of China.

本法所称价格包括商品价格 For the purposes of this Law, prices will include commodity 和服务价格。 prices and service charges.

商品价格是指各类有形产品 Commodity prices will refer to the prices of all types of tangible 和无形资产的价格。 goods and non-tangible assets.

服务价格是指各类有偿服务 Service charges will refer to the fees collected for all types of 的收费。 reimbursable services.

第三条 Article 3.

务价格实行政府指导价或者政府 定价。

自主制定,通过市场竞争形成的 价格。

产、经营商品或者提供有偿服务 的法人、其他组织和个人。

政府指导价,是指依照本法 其他有关部门,按照定价权限和 范围规定基准价及其浮动幅度, 指导经营者制定的价格。

政府定价,是指依照本法规 定,由政府价格主管部门或者其 他有关部门,按照定价权限和范 围制定的价格。

第四条

国家支持和促进公平、公 开、合法的市场竞争,维护正常 的价格秩序,对价格活动实行管 理、监督和必要的调控。 第五条

有关部门在各自的职责范围内, 负责有关的价格工作。

国家实行并逐步完善宏观经 The State will implement and gradually perfect a primarily 济调控下主要由市场形成价格的 market-formulated price structure which is under macro-机制。价格的制定应当符合价值 economic adjustment and control. Price setting must comply 规律,大多数商品和服务价格实 with the law of value, with most commodity prices and service 行市场调节价,极少数商品和服 charges being subject to market readjusted prices and only a small number of commodity prices and service charges being subject to government guided prices or government set prices.

市场调节价,是指由经营者 Market readjusted prices will refer to prices which are set by operators of their own accord as the result of undergoing market competition.

本法所称经营者是指从事生 For the purposes of this Law, an operator will refer to an entity with legal person status, other organisation or individual which engages in commodity production or operations or the provision of reimbursable services.

规定,由政府价格主管部门或者 Government guided prices will refer to prices set by an operator in accordance with the provisions of this Law and the guidance of the government department in charge of pricing or other relevant departments, which is given with reference to the base price and its fluctuation range stipulated by the price setting jurisdiction and scope.

> Government set prices will refer to prices set by the government departments in charge of pricing or other relevant department in accordance with the provisions of this Law and the price setting jurisdiction and scope. Article 4.

The State will support and promote fair, open and lawful market competition. It will safeguard the normal pricing order and will implement administration, surveillance and necessary adjustments in respect of pricing activities. Article 5.

国务院价格主管部门统一负 The State Council department in charge of pricing will be 责全国的价格工作。国务院其他 uniformly responsible for pricing work nationwide. Other relevant State Council departments will be responsible for pricing work within the scope of their respective responsibility.

县级以上地方各级人民政府 The pricing departments of the various local people's

作。

价格主管部门负责本行政区域内 governments at county level or above will be responsible for 的价格工作。县级以上地方各级 pricing work within their respective areas of administrative 人民政府其他有关部门在各自的 jurisdiction. Other relevant departments of the various local 职责范围内,负责有关的价格工 people's governments at county level or above will be responsible for pricing work within the scope of their respective responsibility.

第二章 经营者的价格行为 第六条

CHAPTER II — OPERATOR PRICING ACTS Article 6.

制定。

商品价格和服务价格,除依 Market readjusted prices will be implemented in all cases, except 照本法第十八条规定适用政府指 for commodity prices and service charges which are subject to 导价或者政府定价外,实行市场 government guided prices or government set prices in 调节价,由经营者依照本法自主 accordance with the provisions of Article 18 of this Law. Prices will be set by operators of their own accord in accordance with the provisions of this Law.

第七条

Article 7.

经营者定价,应当遵循公 平、合法和诚实信用的原则。 第八条

When setting a price, an operator must adhere to the principles of fairness, lawfulness, honesty and trustworthiness. Article 8.

产经营成本和市场供求状况。

经营者定价的基本依据是生 Production and operating costs and the market supply and demand situation will be the basis on which an operator sets a price.

第九条

Article 9.

务,并在市场竞争中获取合法利 润。

经营者应当努力改进生产经 An operator must conscientiously improve production and 营管理,降低生产经营成本,为 operation management, reduce production and operating costs, 消费者提供价格合理的商品和服 provide consumers with commodities and services at reasonable prices and obtain lawful profit through market competition.

第十条

Article 10.

建立、健全内部价格管理制度, 产经营成本,不得弄虚作假。

经营者应当根据其经营条件 An operator must establish and perfect an internal price management system according to its business requirements. It 准确记录与核定商品和服务的生 must accurately record and verify production and operating costs for its commodities and services, and must not engage in any fraudulent practices.

第十一条

Article 11.

下列权利:

经营者进行价格活动,享有 When carrying out pricing activities, an operator will be entitled to the following rights:

(一) 自主制定属于市场调(1) to set prices of its own accord for those goods which are

节的价格;

classified as subject to market readjusted prices;

- 幅度内制定价格;
- (二)在政府指导价规定的(2) to set prices within the range stipulated for government guided prices;
- (三)制定属于政府指导 价、政府定价产品范围内的新产 品的试销价格,特定产品除外;
- (3) to set trial prices for new products which are within the scope of products classified as subject to government guided prices or government set prices, except for specially designated products; and
- (四)检举、控告侵犯其依 法自主定价权利的行为。
- (4) to report and lodge complaints against acts which infringe on its right to set prices of its own accord in accordance with the law.

第十二条

Article 12.

的价格干预措施、紧急措施。 第十三条

经营者进行价格活动,应当 An operator which is carrying out pricing activities must abide by 遵守法律、法规,执行依法制定 the laws and statutes, and implement legally formulated 的政府指导价、政府定价和法定 government guided prices and government set prices and official price interventionary and emergency measures. Article 13.

供服务,应当按照政府价格主管 部门的规定明码标价,注明商品 价单位、价格或者服务的项目、 收费标准等有关情况。

经营者销售、收购商品和提 Operators which sell and purchase commodities or provide services must show marked prices in accordance with the provisions of the government department in charge of pricing. 的品名、产地、规格、等级、计 The name of the product, place of production, specifications, grade, price unit, price or service item and fee standard and other relevant details must be clearly indicated.

明的费用。

经营者不得在标价之外加价 An operator must not sell goods at a price higher than the 出售商品,不得收取任何未予标 marked price, nor collect any fees which are not clearly indicated.

第十四条

Article 14.

格行为:

经营者不得有下列不正当价 An operator must not carry out any of the following improper pricing acts:

- 者的合法权益;
- (一)相互串通,操纵市场 (1) collude with others to manipulate market prices, thereby 价格, 损害其他经营者或者消费 infringing on the legal rights and interests of other operators or consumers;
- (二)在依法降价处理鲜活 (2) dump goods with lower cost prices in order to squeeze out 商品、季节性商品、积压商品等 competitors or monopolise the market, thereby disrupting 商品外,为了排挤竞争对手或者 normal production and business order and damaging the

销,扰乱正常的生产经营秩序, 损害国家利益或者其他经营者的 合法权益;

- (三)捏造、散布涨价信 息, 哄抬价格, 推动商品价格过 高上涨的;
- (四)利用虚假的或者使人 trading with it; 误解的价格手段,诱骗消费者或 者其他经营者与其进行交易;
- (五)提供相同商品或者服 conditions; 务,对具有同等交易条件的其他 经营者实行价格歧视;
- 低等级等手段收购、销售商品或 者提供服务,变相提高或者压低 价格;
- (七)违反法律、法规的规 定牟取暴利;
- (八)法律、行政法规禁止 的其他不正当价格行为。 第十五条

收取费用,应当遵守本法的规 规定执行。

第十六条

规定,维护国内市场秩序。

第十七条

行业组织应当遵守价格法 律、法规,加强价格自律,接受 政府价格主管部门的工作指导。

独占市场,以低于成本的价格倾 national interest or the legal rights and interests of consumers, except in the case of fresh produce, seasonal products, overstocked goods, etc, where the prices are legally reduced;

- (3) fabricate and spread news of a price rise, drive up prices and propel commodity prices to rise exorbitantly;
- (4) use pricing methods which are false or open to misunderstanding to trick consumers or other operators into
- (5) provide identical commodities or services, but implement price discrimination towards other operators with equal trading
- (6) adopt means to force up or force down prices, etc, when buying or selling commodities or providing services so as to (六) 采取抬高等级或者压 covertly increase or lower prices;
 - (7) violate the provisions of laws or statutes to seek exorbitant profits;
 - (8) other improper pricing acts which are prohibited by the laws or administrative statutes.

Article 15.

各类中介机构提供有偿服务 All types of intermediary agencies must abide by the provisions of this Law when collecting fees for any reimbursable services 定。法律另有规定的,按照有关 they provide. If any law stipulates otherwise, matters will be handled in accordance with the relevant provisions of that law. Article 16.

经营者销售进口商品、收购 An operator which sells imported goods or buys goods for 出口商品,应当遵守本章的有关 export must abide by the relevant provisions of this Chapter and safeguard domestic market order. Article 17.

> Industry organisations must abide by price laws and statutes, improve pricing self-regulation and accept work-related guidance from the government departments in charge of pricing.

者政府定价:

下列商品和服务价格,政府 When necessary, the government may apply government guided 在必要时可以实行政府指导价或 prices or government set prices in respect of the following commodities and services:

- 民生活关系重大的极少数商品价 格;
 - (一)与国民经济发展和人 (1) the prices of a small number of commodities which have a significant impact on national economic development and the people's livelihood;
- 价格;
- (二)资源稀缺的少数商品 (2) the prices of a small number of commodities which are in very short supply;
- 价格;
- (三) 自然垄断经营的商品 (3) the prices of commodities which are subject to a natural monopoly;
- (四)重要的公用事业价 格;
- (4) prices in respect of major public utilities;
- (五)重要的公益性服务价

(5) prices in respect of major public welfare services.

格。

第十九条

Article 19.

的和地方的定价目录为依据。

政府指导价、政府定价的定 Pricing jurisdiction and the actual scope of application for 价权限和具体适用范围,以中央 government guided prices and government set prices will be based on Central government and local pricing lists.

批准后公布。

中央定价目录由国务院价格 The Central Government pricing list will be formulated and 主管部门制定、修订,报国务院 amended by the State Council department in charge of pricing and publicly announced after its approval by the State Council.

地方定价目录由省、自治 区、直辖市人民政府价格主管部 门按照中央定价目录规定的定价 权限和具体适用范围制定,经本 级人民政府审核同意,报国务院 价格主管部门审定后公布。

Local pricing lists will be formulated by the pricing departments of the people's governments of the province, autonomous region or directly administered municipality in accordance with the pricing jurisdiction and actual scope of application stipulated in the Central Government pricing list. Subject to its examination, verification and approval by the people's government at the respective level, the list will be publicly announced after its examination and approval by the State Council department in charge of pricing.

省、自治区、直辖市人民政 府以下各级地方人民政府不得制 定定价目录。

Local people's governments below the level of province,

第二十条

autonomous region or directly administered municipality will not be permitted to formulate pricing lists. Article 20.

定的定价权限和具体适用范围制 重要的商品和服务价格的政府指 导价、政府定价,应当按照规定 经国务院批准。

国务院价格主管部门和其他 The State Council department in charge of pricing and other 有关部门,按照中央定价目录规 relevant departments will formulate government guided prices and government set prices in accordance with the pricing 定政府指导价、政府定价;其中 jurisdiction and actual scope of application stipulated in the Central Government pricing list. Of these, the government guided prices and government set prices for important commodities and services will be subject to State Council approval in accordance with regulations.

省、自治区、直辖市人民政 府价格主管部门和其他有关部 门,应当按照地方定价目录规定 的定价权限和具体适用范围制定 在本地区执行的政府指导价、政 府定价。

The pricing departments of the people's governments at provincial, autonomous region or directly administered municipality level and other relevant departments will formulate government guided prices and government set prices for implementation within their own regions in accordance with the pricing jurisdiction and actual scope of application stipulated in the local pricing lists.

市、县人民政府可以根据 省、自治区、直辖市人民政府的 授权,按照地方定价目录规定的 定价权限和具体适用范围制定在 本地区执行的政府指导价、政府 定价。

Based on authorisation from the provincial, autonomous region or directly administered municipal people's government, municipal and county people's governments may formulate government guided prices and government set prices for implementation within their own regions in accordance with the pricing jurisdiction and actual scope of application stipulated in the local pricing lists.

第二十一条

Article 21.

制定政府指导价、政府定 价,应当依据有关商品或者服务 的社会平均成本和市场供求状 况、国民经济与社会发展要求以 及社会承受能力,实行合理的购 销差价、批零差价、地区差价和 季节差价。

When formulating government guided prices and government set prices, reasonable price differentials will be adopted for purchases and sales, for wholesale and retail trade, for different regions and for different seasons in accordance with the average cost of the relevant commodities and services in the society, the market supply and demand situation, national economic and social development requirements and the society's economic capacity for support.

第二十二条

Article 22.

政府价格主管部门和其他有 When formulating government guided prices and government

价,应当开展价格、成本调查, 听取消费者、经营者和有关方面 的意见。

关部门制定政府指导价、政府定 set prices, government departments in charge of pricing and other relevant departments must initiate price and cost investigations and listen to the opinions of consumers, operators and other parties concerned.

政府价格主管部门开展对政 When government departments in charge of pricing carry out 以及其他资料。

府指导价、政府定价的价格、成 price and cost investigations in relation to government guided 本调查时,有关单位应当如实反 prices and government set prices, the relevant units must give an 映情况,提供必需的账簿、文件 accurate account of the situation and provide the necessary account books, documents and other information.

第二十三条

Article 23.

制定关系群众切身利益的公 用事业价格、公益性服务价格、 自然垄断经营的商品价格等政府 指导价、政府定价,应当建立听 证会制度,由政府价格主管部门 主持,征求消费者、经营者和有 关方面的意见,论证其必要性、 可行性。

When formulating government guided prices and government set prices in relation to prices for public utilities, charges for public welfare services, commodity prices for goods subject to a natural monopoly, etc, which directly affect the people, an evidential hearing chaired by the government department in charge of pricing will be established to seek the opinions of consumers, operators and other parties concerned to discuss and validate the necessity and feasibility of the proposed price levels.

第二十四条

Article 24.

后,由制定价格的部门向消费 者、经营者公布。

政府指导价、政府定价制定 After the formulation of government guided prices and government set prices, the department which formulated the prices will publicly announce the details to consumers and operators.

第二十五条

Article 25.

政府指导价、政府定价的具 体适用范围、价格水平,应当根 据经济运行情况,按照规定的定 价权限和程序适时调整。

The actual scope of application and price levels of government guided prices and government set prices will be subject to timely adjustments based on the state of the economy in accordance with the stipulated price fixing jurisdiction and procedures.

指导价、政府定价提出调整建 议。

消费者、经营者可以对政府 Consumers and operators may put forward price adjustment proposals in respect of government guided prices and government set prices.

第四章 价格总水平调控 第二十六条

CHAPTER IV — GENERAL PRICE LEVEL ADJUSTMENTS Article 26.

稳定市场价格总水平是国家 Stabilising general market price levels will be an important 重要的宏观经济政策目标。国家 macro-economic policy aim of the State. In accordance with 根据国民经济发展的需要和社会 national economic development requirements and society's

和措施,予以实现。

第二十七条

价格,稳定市场。 第二十八条

Article 27.

务价格的变动进行监测。 第二十九条

的经济措施保证其实现。

第三十条

院和省、自治区、直辖市人民政 府可以对部分价格采取限定差价 率或者利润率、规定限价、实行 提价申报制度和调价备案制度等 干预措施。

省、自治区、直辖市人民政 当报国务院备案。

第三十一条

承受能力,确定市场价格总水平 economic capacity for support, the State will decide the 调控目标,列入国民经济和社会 adjustment target for general market price levels and list this in 发展计划,并综合运用货币、财 the national economic and social development plans. This will be 政、投资、进出口等方面的政策 coordinated with policies and measures on working capital, finance, investment, imports and exports, and various other areas to facilitate its realisation.

政府可以建立重要商品储备 The government may establish a reserve system for important 制度,设立价格调节基金,调控 commodities and set up a price adjustment fund in order to adjust and control prices and stabilise the market. Article 28.

为适应价格调控和管理的需 In order to adapt to price adjustment, control and management 要,政府价格主管部门应当建立 requirements, the government department in charge of pricing 价格监测制度,对重要商品、服 will establish a prices monitoring system to monitor price changes to important commodities and services. Article 29.

政府在粮食等重要农产品的 The government may implement price protection measures 市场购买价格过低时,可以在收 during the purchasing process in respect of grains and other 购中实行保护价格,并采取相应 important agricultural products when the market purchase price levels are excessively low, as well as adopt corresponding economic measures to ensure its realisation. Article 30.

当重要商品和服务价格显著 When the prices of important commodities and services are 上涨或者有可能显著上涨,国务 noticeably inflated or are likely to become so, the State Council and the provincial, autonomous region and directly administered municipal people's governments may adopt interventionary measures towards some prices to limit the price differential or profit rate, stipulate price limits and implement systems for the reporting of price increases and the recording of price adjustment details, etc.

府采取前款规定的干预措施,应 A provincial, autonomous region or directly administered municipal people's government which adopts the interventionary measures stipulated above must report the details to the State Council for the record. Article 31.

当市场价格总水平出现剧烈 When general market prices experience violent fluctuations or

全面冻结价格的紧急措施。

第三十二条

波动等异常状态时, 国务院可以 other abnormal conditions, the State Council may adopt 在全国范围内或者部分区域内采 emergency measures to temporarily centralise price setting 取临时集中定价权限、部分或者 jurisdiction or to partially or totally freeze prices nationwide or within a certain region. Article 32.

除干预措施、紧急措施。

第五章 价格监督检查 第三十三条

依照本法第三十条、第三十 Interventionary or emergency measures must be promptly -条的规定实行干预措施、紧急 removed after the elimination of the circumstances which 措施的情形消除后,应当及时解 required their implementation in accordance with the provisions of Article 30 or Article 31 of this Law.

CHAPTER V — PRICE SUPERVISION AND INSPECTION Article 33.

监督检查,并依照本法的规定对 价格违法行为实施行政处罚。

县级以上各级人民政府价格 All levels of the people's government departments in charge of 主管部门,依法对价格活动进行 pricing at county level or above must carry out supervision and inspection of pricing activities in accordance with the law. They will also be required to impose administrative penalties in accordance with the provisions of this Law on any act which constitutes a pricing infringement. Article 34.

第三十四条

权:

监督检查时,可以行使下列职

政府价格主管部门进行价格 When carrying out pricing supervision and inspection work, the government departments in charge of pricing may exercise the following powers of office:

- 人员,并要求其提供证明材料和 与价格违法行为有关的其他资 料;
- 法行为有关的账簿、单据、凭 证、文件及其他资料,核对与价 格违法行为有关的银行资料;
- (三)检查与价格违法行为 有关的财物,必要时可以责令当 事人暂停相关营业;
- 关人员不得转移、隐匿或者销

- (一)询问当事人或者有关 (1) the right to question the parties concerned or other relevant persons and require the submission of certifying material and other information relating to a pricing infringement;
- (2) the right to make inquiries about and take copies of account (二) 查询、复制与价格违 books, invoices, vouchers, documents and other information relating to a pricing infringement, and check bank data concerning the pricing infringement;
 - (3) the right to inspect goods involved in a price infringement and, where necessary, to order the party concerned to suspend any operations which are interrelated with a pricing infringement;
- (四)在证据可能灭失或者 (4) the right, when collecting evidence which may be destroyed 以后难以取得的情况下,可以依 or which may be difficult to obtain later, to first register the 法先行登记保存, 当事人或者有 items for safekeeping in accordance with the law and to forbid the parties concerned to move, hide or destroy the items.

毁。

第三十五条

Article 35.

据、凭证、文件以及其他资料。

第三十六条

经营者接受政府价格主管部 When subject to supervision and inspection by a government 门的监督检查时,应当如实提供 department in charge of pricing, an operator must provide 价格监督检查所必需的账簿、单 account books, invoices, vouchers, documents and other information required for pricing supervision and inspection work in strict accordance with the facts. Article 36.

的商业秘密。

第三十七条

监督作用。

监督。

第三十八条

对价格违法行为的举报制度。

格违法行为进行举报。政府价格 主管部门应当对举报者给予鼓 励,并负责为举报者保密。

第六章 法律责任 第三十九条

经营者不执行政府指导价、

政府部门价格工作人员不得 The personnel of government departments in charge of pricing 将依法取得的资料或者了解的情 must not use any information received or knowledge of 况用于依法进行价格管理以外的 situations obtained through the legal execution of their work for 任何其他目的,不得泄露当事人 any purpose other than to carry out pricing administration in accordance with the law. They will be prohibited from disclosing any commercial secrets of the parties concerned. Article 37.

消费者组织、职工价格监督 Consumer organisations, employee price supervision 组织、居民委员会、村民委员会 organisations, neighbourhood residents' committees, village 等组织以及消费者,有权对价格 residents' committees, other organisations and consumers will 行为进行社会监督。政府价格主 have the right to carry out public supervision of pricing acts. The 管部门应当充分发挥群众的价格 government departments in charge of pricing must give full play to the role of the people in price supervision work.

新闻单位有权进行价格舆论 News units will have the right to conduct public opinion surveys on prices. Article 38.

政府价格主管部门应当建立 The government departments in charge of pricing must establish a reporting system in respect of pricing infringements.

任何单位和个人均有权对价 Any unit or individual will have the right to report a pricing infringement. The government departments in charge of pricing will give incentives to encourage informers and will be responsible for protecting the identity of informers. CHAPTER VI — LEGAL LIABILITY Article 39.

If an operator does not implement government guided prices, 政府定价以及法定的价格干预措 government set prices or official price interventionary and 施、紧急措施的,责令改正,没 emergency measures, authorities will order it to rectify the 收违法所得,可以并处违法所得 matter, will confiscate any illicit gains and may also impose a fine 的,可以处以罚款;情节严重 的,责令停业整顿。

第四十条

行为之一的,责令改正,没收违 法所得,可以并处违法所得五倍 以下的罚款;没有违法所得的, 予以警告,可以并处罚款;情节 严重的,责令停业整顿,或者由 工商行政管理机关吊销营业执 照。有关法律对本法第十四条所 列行为的处罚及处罚机关另有规 定的,可以依照有关法律的规定 执行。

有本法第十四条 第 (一)

是全国性的,由国务院价格主管 人民政府价格主管部门认定。

第四十一条

消费者或者其他经营者多付价款 的,应当退还多付部分;造成损 害的,应当依法承担赔偿责任。

第四十二条

经营者违反明码标价规定 的,责令改正,没收违法所得, 可以并处五千元以下的罚款。 第四十三条

五倍以下的罚款;没有违法所得 of up to five (5) times the amount of the illicit gains. A fine may be imposed if there are no illicit gains. In serious circumstances, the operator will be ordered to suspend operations while rectification is carried out.

经营者有本法第十四条所列 If an operator is involved in any of the acts listed in Article 14 of this Law, authorities will order it to rectify the matter, will confiscate any illicit gains and may also impose a fine of up to five (5) times the amount of the illicit gains. A warning will be given and a fine may be imposed if there are no illicit gains. In serious circumstances, the operator will be ordered to suspend operations while rectification is being carried out or the administration for industry and commerce will revoke the business licence. If a relevant law stipulates provisions regarding penalties and penalty issuing organs other than those stated in Article 14 of this Law, matters may be handled in accordance

项、第(二)项所列行为,属于 An act as specified in item (1) or (2) of Article 14 of this Law which is regarded as affecting matters nationwide will be 部门认定;属于是省及省以下区 determined by the State Council department in charge of pricing. 域性的,由省、自治区、直辖市 An act which is regarded as being of a provincial nature or of affecting only a region smaller than a province will be determined by the pricing department of the people's government of the province, autonomous region or directly administered municipality.

with the provisions of the relevant law.

Article 41.

Article 40.

经营者因价格违法行为致使 An operator which causes a consumer or another operator to pay too much due to a pricing infringement must refund the excess amount. If the consumer or other operator has incurred a loss as a result of the infringement, the operator will bear liability for compensation in accordance with the law. Article 42.

> If an operator violates the provisions on clearly marked prices, authorities will order it to rectify the matter, will confiscate any illicit gains and may also impose a fine of up to 5,000 yuan. Article 43.

经营者被责令暂停相关营业 If an operator which has been ordered to suspend related

而不停止的,或者转移、隐匿、 相关营业所得或者转移、隐匿、 下的罚款。

第四十四条

所需资料或者提供虚假资料的 / 正的,可以处以罚款。

第四十万条

人民政府有关部门违反本法规 定,超越定价权限和范围擅自制 定、调整价格或者不执行法定的 价格干预措施、紧急措施的,责 令改正,并可以通报批评;对直 接负责的主管人员和其他直接责 任人员,依法给予行政处分。

第四十六条

价格工作人员泄露国家秘 密、商业秘密以及滥用职权、徇 私舞弊、玩忽职守、索贿受贿, 构成犯罪的,依法追究刑事责 任;尚不构成犯罪的,依法给予 处分。

Article 46.

Article 47.

第七章 附则 第四十七条

依法进行,严格控制收费项目, 体管理办法由国务院另行制定。

利率、汇率、保险费率、证

operations fails to do so or moves, hides or destroys goods 销毁依法登记保存的财物的,处 which have been registered for safekeeping in accordance with the law, authorities will impose a fine equivalent to more than 销毁的财物价值—倍以上三倍以 one (1) and less than three (3) times the value of related operations' earnings or of the goods which were moved, hidden or destroyed. Article 44.

拒绝按照规定提供监督检查 If an operator refuses to provide the stipulated information required for supervision or inspection work or provides false 责令改正,予以警告;逾期不改 information, authorities will order the matter to be rectified and will issue a warning. If the matter is not rectified within the specified period, a fine may be imposed. Article 45.

地方各级人民政府或者各级 If a regional people's government at any level or a relevant department of a people's government at any level violates the provisions of this Law through the unauthorised formulation or adjustment of prices beyond the price setting jurisdiction and scope, or by failing to implement official price interventionary or emergency measures, authorities will order the matter to be rectified and may circulate a notice of criticism. Administrative penalties will be imposed in accordance with the law on persons in charge who were directly responsible and other persons directly involved.

> If any pricing personnel disclose State or commercial secrets, abuse their powers of office, practise favouritism or other irregularities, neglect their duties, or seek or accept bribes in an act which constitutes a crime, criminal liability will be pursued in accordance with the law. Where a case does not constitute a crime, a penalty will be imposed in accordance with the law. CHAPTER VII — SUPPLEMENTARY PRINCIPLES

国家行政机关的收费,应当 Fee collection by State administrative organs must be carried out in accordance with the law. There must be strict control of fee 限定收费范围、标准。收费的具 collection items and the limits on the scope of fee collection and related standards. The State Council will formulate detailed administrative measures for fee collection in separate legislation.

券及期货价格,适用有关法律、 行政法规的规定,不适用本法。 This Law does not apply to interest rates, exchange rates, insurance premium rates or the prices of securities or futures, which are dealt with by the provisions of the relevant law and administrative regulations.

Article 48.

第四十八条

本法自1998年5月1日起施 This Law will take effect from 1 May 1998.

行。



扫一扫,手机阅读更方便