Australian Government
Department of Industry, Science and Resources

Anti-Dumping Commission

ANTI-DUMPING NOTICE NO. 2026/097

Customs Act 1901 – Part XVB

Precision pipe and tube steel

Exported to Australia from the People's Republic of China and The Republic of Korea

Findings of the Continuation Inquiry No 689 into Anti-Dumping Measures

Public notice under section 269ZHG(1) of the Customs Act 1901 and sections 8(5) and 10(3) of the Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Act 1975

The Commissioner of the Anti-Dumping Commission (the Commissioner) has completed an inquiry, which commenced on 16 October 2026, into whether the continuation of the anti-dumping measures in the form of a dumping duty notice applying to precision pipe and tube steel (the goods) exported to Australia from the People's Republic of China (China) and the Republic of Korea (Korea) and a countervailing duty notice applying to the goods exported to Australia from China (excluding exports by Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co., Ltd and Yantai Aoxin International Co., Ltd) is justified.

Recommendations resulting from that inquiry, reasons for the recommendations, and material findings of fact and law in relation to the inquiry are contained in *Anti-Dumping Commission Report No. 689* (REP 689).

I, TIM AYRES, the Minister for Industry and Innovation and Minister for Science, have considered REP 689 and have decided to accept the recommendation and reasons for the recommendation, including all the material findings of facts and law therein and have decided that the anti-dumping measures applying to the goods exported to Australia from China and Korea should continue after 28 September 2026.

Under section 269ZHG(1)(b) of the *Customs Act 1901* (the Act), I declare that I have decided to secure the continuation of the anti-dumping measures currently applying to the goods exported to Australia from China and Korea.

I determine that pursuant to section 269ZHG(4)(a)(iii) of the Act, the notices continue in force after 28 September 2026, but after this day has effect as if different specified variable factors had been fixed in relation to all exporters generally.

In accordance with section 8(5BB) of the *Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Act* 1975, and section 5 of the *Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Regulation 2013* (the Regulation), the dumping duty that has been determined is an amount worked out in accordance with the combination of fixed and variable duty method pursuant to sections 5(2) and (3) of the Regulation for all exporters of the goods from China and Korea.

In accordance with section 10(3B) of the *Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Act* 1975, the countervailing duty that has been determined is an amount worked out as a proportion of the export price of the goods. The countervailing duty will be implemented as an *ad valorem* rate applying to exports of the goods by non-cooperative exporters from China (excluding Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co., Ltd and Yantai Aoxin International Trade Co., Ltd).

In accordance with sections 8(5BA) and 10(3D) of the *Customs Tariff (Anti-Dumping) Act* 1975, I have had regard to the desirability of specifying a method for determining the rate of duty such that the non-injurious price of goods of that kind, as ascertained for the purposes of the notices, is not exceeded by the sum of:

- the export price of the goods of that kind as so ascertained or last ascertained
- the interim countervailing duty payable on the goods, and
- the interim dumping duty payable on the goods.

For uncooperative, non-cooperative and all other exporters from China (excluding Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co., Ltd and Yantai Aoxin International Trade Co., Ltd), the sum of these amounts exceeds the non-injurious price, and therefore, a lesser amount of duty has been applied.

The duty measures and the particulars of the dumping and/or subsidy margins established for each of the exporters and the effective rates of duty are set out in the following table.

			With LTAR[1] subsidy 'double count'			Effective rate no 'LTAR double count'	
Country	**Exporter**	**Duty method**	**IDD**	**ICD**	**LTAR subsidy component**	**IDD**	**ICD**
China	Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co., Ltd	*combination*	29.0%	*n/a*	*n/a*	29.0%	*n/a*
	Yantai Aoxin International Trade Co., Ltd	*combination*	43.4%	*n/a*	*n/a*	43.4%	*n/a*
	Uncooperative, non-cooperative and all other exporters	*combination*	43.4%	73.4%	27.8%	15.6%	72.3%
Korea	Uncooperative and all other exporters	*combination*	21.4%	*n/a*	*n/a*	21.4%	*n/a*

[1] Program 20 is steel coil provided at less than adequate remuneration (LTAR).

The calculation of combined dumping and countervailing duties is not simply a matter of adding the dumping and subsidy margins together for any given exporter, or group of exporters. Rather, the collective interim dumping duty and interim countervailing duty imposed in relation to the goods, is the sum of:

- the subsidy rate calculated for all countervailable programs, and
- the dumping rates calculated, less an amount for the subsidy rate applying to Program 20 – steel coils provided at LTAR.

Interested parties may seek a review of this decision by lodging an application with the Anti-Dumping Review Panel (www.adreviewpanel.gov.au), in accordance with the requirements in Division 9 of Part XVB of the Act, within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

REP 689 has been placed on the public record for this inquiry and is available electronically at www.adcommission.gov.au.

Enquiries about this notice may be directed to the Case Manager on telephone number + 61 3 8539 2471 or email investigations3@adcommission.gov.au.

Dated this 21st day of August 2026.

TIM AYRES
Minister for Industry and Innovation and Minister for Science