

Dumping Commodity Register

Hollow Structural Sections

Goods Exported from:

Country	Measure	Date Measures Imposed	Date Measures Expire	Last Anti-Dumping Notice	
CHINA	IDD & ICD	3-July-2012	3-July-2027		
KOREA	IDD	3-July-2012	3-July-2027	2022/040	
MALAYSIA	IDD	3-July-2012	3-July-2027	2022/049	
TAIWAN	IDD	3-July-2012	3-July-2027		

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1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?

The Anti-Dumping Commission (ADC) is committed to supporting importers, practitioners and users of the anti-dumping system through providing accessible and up to date information in the DCR.

DCRs provide importers and licensed customs brokers with general guidance and the necessary information to use when lodging an import declaration to clear goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

It is outside the role of the Commission to provide advice on whether specific goods are exempted from or subject to anti-dumping measures. Importers or their agents are required to provide self-assessed information, regarding the goods being imported, in the import declaration.

Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice in making any decisions in relation to importing and/or declaring goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Refer to the <u>Cases page</u> on the website for any current investigation information for this commodity.

2. What types of hollow structural sections are subject to antidumping measures?

The goods subject to measures are:

Certain electric resistance welded pipe and tube made of carbon steel, comprising circular and non-circular hollow sections. Normally referred to as either CHS (circular or oval hollow sections) or RHS (rectangular or square hollow sections) collectively referred to as hollow structural sections (HSS), including CHS with other than plain ends, such as threaded, swaged and shouldered.

Finish types

- Galvanised (including in-line galvanised (ILG), pre-galvanised or hot-dipped galvanised (HDG)); or
- Non-galvanised (including, but not restricted to, painted, black, lacquered or oiled finishes).

Sizes

- Circular products outside diameter exceeding 21 mm up to and including 165.1 mm; or
- Oval, square and rectangular products perimeter up to and including 1277.3 mm; that may
 also be categorised according to minimum yield strength, the most common classifications
 being 250 and 350 mega Pascals (MPa).

The following are <u>excluded</u> from measures, exemption type "GOODS" applies:

- Conveyor tube made for high speed idler rolls on conveyor systems with inner and outer fin protrusions removed by scarfing; (not exceeding 0.1 mm on outer surface and 0.25 mm on inner surface), and out of round standards (i.e. ovality) which do not exceed 0.6 mm in order to maintain vibration free rotation and minimum wind noise during operation;
- Precision RHS with a nominal thickness of less than 1.6 mm; and
- Air heater tubes to AS 2556.

Ministerial Exemption Instrument No 1 of 2016

IDD and ICD do not apply to goods subject to <u>Tariff Concession Order (TCO) 1609617</u> with an effective date of 16 February 2016.

- Tubes, square or rectangular, electric resistance welded, complying with Australian/New Zealand Standard 1163:2009 (AS/NZS 1163:2009), Grade C350L0 OR C450L0, with a perimeter not less than 1,050 mm and having either:
 - o silicon content plus 2.5 times the phosphorus content NOT greater than 0.09%;
 - o silicon content greater than 0.14% and NOT greater than 0.24%

Ministerial Exemption Instrument No 3 of 2021 effective from 14 May 2020

Electrical Resistance Welded Hot-dip Galvanised Shouldered Pipe produced in accordance with American Petroleum Institute Standard Specification 5L. The steel grade for the pipe and the shoulder rings that are welded to both ends of the pipe is API 5L Grade B PSL1. A full penetration fillet weld secures the rings to the ends of the pipe. Following welding, the full length of shouldered pipe is hot-dip galvanised to a minimum zinc coating thickness of 300 g/m².

The exemption goods are also specified according to the following dimensions:

Outer diameter (mm): 165.1

 \circ ends tolerance (mm): -0.4, +1.6

o Wall thickness (mm): 2.5 ± 0.32

Ring and shoulder:

o Nominal ring thickness (mm): 4.8 ± 0.15

o Shoulder outside diameter (mm): 174.5 ± 0.8

o Ring length (mm): 17.5 ± 0.4

o Maximum out of square (mm): 1.0

Length not less than 6,000 mm and not greater than 6,500 mm with a tolerance of -50 mm,
 +20 mm.

The application states that the exemption goods are generally classified to tariff subheading 7306.30.00 of Schedule 3 to the Customs Tariff Act 1995.

For more information about the Ministerial Exemption Instrument please refer to Report EX0079

Ministerial Exemption Instrument No 5 of 2022 effective from 29 September 2021

Curtain rods with:

- 25mm outside diameter in 0.5mm gauge/wall thickness in both powdercoated (White/Ivory/Black) and electroplated (Brushed Chrome).
- 32mm outside diameter in 0.7mm gauge/wall thickness in electroplated finish (Brushed Chrome).

The curtain rods come in lengths 2.0m and 3.0m, and are individually heat/shrink wrapped and labelled. The curtain rods are made of A class hot-rolled strip metal comprising of 0.12% carbon and are made using a roll forming process and a longitudinal welding technique.

For more information about the Ministerial Exemption Instrument please refer to Report EX0087

For more information about the description of the goods subject to measures, please refer to Final Reports REP 419 and REP 291.

Please Note:

When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the
goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether the anti-dumping measures
description apply.

- Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
- The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission and the Australian Border Force.

3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?

Goods subject to measures should be classified using the classification and associated statistical codes below:

Tariff Classification	Statistical code		
7306.30.00	31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37		
7306.61.00	21, 22, 25		
7306.69.00	10		
7306.50.00*	45*		
7306.61.00*	90*		

- * The tariff classifications (7306.50.00) and 7306.61.00) <u>only</u> apply to the following exporters/suppliers:
- Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co. (China);
- Tianjin Friend Steel Pipe Co. Ltd (China);
- Tianjin Ruitong Iron and Steel Co. Ltd (China);
- Roswell S A R Ltd (China); and
- Alpine Pipe Manufacturing SDN BHD (Malaysia).

For all other exporters/suppliers not listed above using the tariff classifications (7306.61.00 (90) and 7306.50.00 (45)) the exemption type 'SUPPLIER' should be used.

These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.

The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.

Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the Working Tariff page on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.

4. How much Interim Dumping Duty (IDD will an importer have to pay?

IDD (Combination)

IDD in the form of a fixed and variable measure. The total IDD liability is calculated as follows:

- fixed component of IDD: dumping export price (DXP) or ascertained export price (AEP), whichever is the greatest,
 - multiplied by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate; plus
- variable component of IDD: the amount, if any, by which the DXP is lower than the AEP.

IDD (Floor Price)

IDD in the form of a floor price measure. The total IDD liability is the amount, if any, by which the DXP is lower than the floor price.

ICD – all exporters from China (except Dalian Steelforce and Huludao Steel)

The ICD liability is calculated by multiplying the DXP by the ICD ad valorem duty rate.

Example of how to calculate IDD liability - Combination of Fixed and Variable measures

The following is an example of how to calculate the IDD fixed and variable liability and ICD liability.

- DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- AEP = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)
- IDD ad valorem rate = 10%
- ICD ad valorem rate = 15%

Fixed component of IDD:

The higher of the DXP (\$1,000) or AEP (\$2,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) $$2,000 \times 10\% = 200

Variable component of IDD:

the amount, if any, by which the DXP (\$1,000) is lower than the AEP (\$2,000) \$2,000 - \$1,000 = \$1,000

Total IDD liability: \$1,200 (\$200 + \$1,000)

ICD liability: DXP (\$1,000) multiplied by the ICD ad valorem rate (15%) = \$150

Example of how to calculate IDD liability - Floor Price measures

The following is an example of how to calculate the IDD liability of a floor price measure.

- DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- Floor Price = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)

IDD liability

The amount, if any, by which the DXP (\$1,000), is lower than the Floor Price (\$2,000) \$2,000 - \$1,000 (DXP) = \$1,000.

5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?

The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.

The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.

For example, if the export terms are "FOB, cash" and the actual invoice terms of the goods are "CIF, 60 days, packed", the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.

- step 1 an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and
- step 2 the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.

Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.

An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:

- Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days
- Specified terms = FOB, cash
- Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100

Step 1 - adjust for credit terms

- 1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)
- 2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)

Step 2 - adjust for incoterms

- 3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent
- 4. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880 The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash.

6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from **China** entered for home consumption on or after **4 July 2022**:

Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Measure Type	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export / Floor Price (per Tonne)	Export Price terms
CHINA							
Huludao City Steel Pipe Industrial Co. Ltd supplied directly or through: Shanghai Minmetals Materials & Products Corp; or Tianjin Ruitong Huaxing International Trade Co. Ltd; or Thomas Trading (Aust) Pty Ltd	CCL6476434H CCC7963996X CCE7474677L CCX6693664E CCH4793673E CCH4794676H CFA33333669Y CFE4644347M	271	IDD	Combination	30.4%	Confidential	FOB, cash
Dalian Steelforce Hi-Tech Co. Ltd supplied directly or through: Steelforce Trading Pty Ltd	CCJ9649694M 40110146515 CEC4946673N	272	IDD	Combination	9.4%	Confidential	FOB, cash
Tianjin Youfa International Trade Co Ltd supplied directly or through: Tianjin Youfa Steel Pipe Group Co., Ltd. No.1 Branch Company; or Tianjin Youfa Steel Pipe Group Co., Ltd. No.2 Branch Company; or Tangshan Youfa Steel Pipe Manufacture Co., Ltd; or Tangshan Zhengyuan Steel Pipe Co., Ltd	CFC3979343 CEM3949797X	273	IDD & ICD	Combination	9.4%	Confidential	FOB, cash
Hengshui Jinghua Steel Pipe Co Ltd	CFE9379439C	274	IDD & ICD	Combination	9.4%	Confidential	FOB, cash
Tianjin Ruitong Iron & Steel Co Ltd supplied directly or through: Tianjin Ruitong Huaxing International Trade Co. Ltd	CEC6973947C CFA3333669Y	275	IDD & ICD	Combination	9.4%	Confidential	FOB, cash
All other exporters		276	IDD & ICD	Combination	48.3%	Confidential	FOB, cash

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from Korea, Taiwan and Malaysia entered for home consumption on or after 4 July 2022:

Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Measure Type	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export / Floor Price (per Tonne)	Export Price terms
KOREA							
Kukje Steel Co Ltd supplied directly	CCC4733934F CCT7963774W	EXEMPT					
Kukje Steel Co Ltd supplied through: Hyosung Corporation; or Sunjin Co.Ltd; or Duferco SA; or Duferco Asia Pte Ltd	CEJ7347667P CEM7399676R CCH3749967W CFN6939399W	EXEMPT 277 Importers entering goods manufactured by Kukje Steel Co Ltd and supplied indirectly through these traders are to use this DSN. A zero duty liability will be calculated.					
Hi-Steel Co Ltd	CCH6694493W CCF4949939X	EXEMPT					
All other exporters		278	IDD	Combination	13.8%	Confidential	FOB, cash
TAIWAN							
Tension Steel Industries Co. Ltd	CCN6773799W	280	IDD	Floor Price	N/A	Confidential	FOB, cash
Ta Fong Steel Co. Ltd	CEE4439497P CCL7999444L	281	IDD	Floor Price	N/A	Confidential	FOB, cash
Shin Yang Steel Co. Ltd	CEF3479347X	282	IDD	Floor Price	N/A	Confidential	FOB, cash
All other exporters	•	283	IDD	Combination	23.5%	Confidential	FOB, cash
MALAYSIA							
All Exporters		279	IDD	Combination	20.8%	Confidential	FOB, cash

Please Note:

- IDD ad valorem rates, floor price and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
- The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD.

7. How do I find out the confidential rate and ascertained export price for my exporter?

The IDD ad valorem rate, floor price and the AEP for each DSN are considered confidential and will not be published. Importers of these goods may be provided with the confidential IDD and the AEP, however the onus is on the importer to substantiate their commercial relationship with an exporter/supplier of their goods by providing evidence of:

- A previous trading history with a nominated exporter/supplier of the goods. Evidence of a trading history
 would take the form of at least commercial invoices, packing list and bills of lading from previous shipments.
 Additional documentation may be requested by the Commission; or
- In the absence of a trading history, an offer or a quotation from an exporter/supplier of goods subject to dumping/countervailing measures. The offer or quotation must be on the exporter/supplier's company letterhead.

Requests and evidence should be sent to clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au

Please note:

- Any requests for the confidential information that do not include sufficient evidence as outlined above will be rejected.
- Only as much of the confidential information as is necessary to enter the goods will be provided.

8. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?

The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD/ICD is:

- DXP;
- Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);
- Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);
- Tariff classification and statistical code;
- Exporter / supplier; and
- Quantity.

Please see tables in Question 6 to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.

9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?

An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Parliamentary Secretary make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.

This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.

There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods).

The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for **China, Korea, Malaysia** and **Taiwan** are:

Importation Period	Application Period		
3 January 2022 – 2 July 2022	3 July 2022 – 2 January 2023		
3 July 2022 – 2 January 2023	3 January 2023 – 2 July 2023		
3 January 2023 – 2 July 2023	3 July 2023 – 2 January 2024		
3 July 2023 – 2 January 2024	3 January 2024 – 2 July 2024		
3 January 2024 – 2 July 2024	3 July 2024 – 2 January 2025		
3 July 2024 – 2 January 2025	3 January 2025 – 2 July 2025		
3 January 2025 – 2 July 2025	3 July 2025 – 2 January 2026		
3 July 2025 – 2 January 2026	3 January 2026 – 2 July 2026		
3 January 2026 – 2 July 2026	3 July 2026 – 2 January 2027		
3 July 2026– 2 January 2027	3 January 2027 – 2 July 2027		
3 January 2027 – 3 July 2027	4 July 2027 – 2 January 2028		

More information about duty assessments is available on the **Anti-Dumping Commission website**.

10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on hollow structural sections?

Date	Description	Report	ADN
Published			
3 Jul 2012	Measures imposed on on China, Korea, Malaysia and Taiwan	Final report REP 177	2012/31
26 Nov 2015	Exemption of certain goods following Exemption Inquiry	Final report EX0044	2016/116
18 Mar 2016	Goods description varied following Anti-Circumvention Inquiry	Final Report REP 291	2016/24
3 Jul 2017	Continuation of Measures imposed on on China, Korea, Malaysia and Taiwan	Final report REP 379	2017/70
6 Jun 2018	Measures varied on China, Korea, Malaysia and Taiwan following Review of Measures	Final Report REP 419	2018/74
13 Jul 2018	Measures varied on China following Review of Measures	Final report REP 285A	2018/85
12 Mar 2021	Measures varied on China following Review of Measures.	Final Report REP 529	2021/011
19 Apr 2021	Measures varied following ADRP Review	ADRP Report REP 88A	
17 Dec 2021	Exemption of certain goods following Exemption Inquiry	Final report <u>EX0079</u>	2021/112
1 Jul 2022	Continuation of Measures imposed on China, Korea, Malaysia and Taiwan	Final Report <u>REP 590</u>	2022/049