



# Dumping Commodity Register

## Clear Float Glass

Exported from the Republic of Indonesia

Document release date	Brief description of change(s)
3 August 2015	Redesign of Dumping Commodity Register
18 October 2016	Continuation of Measures
7 March 2017	Amendment to Manufacturer/Supplier list
27 April 2018	Adjustment to duty assessment importation periods
8 March 2019	Amendment to tariff sub-headings and goods exported from Thailand following anti-circumvention inquiry 479.
4 February 2020	Department name change.
18 October 2021	Amendment to measures following Continuation Inquiry 575

**Note:**

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Please refer to the [Cases](#) page on the website to locate any current information for this commodity.

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Question	Response
1. What countries do measures apply to?	<p>Measures currently apply to goods from the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia).</p> <p>On 17 October 2011, with an effective date of 18 October 2011, anti-dumping measures in the form of interim dumping duties (IDD) were imposed on clear float glass exported from China, Thailand and Indonesia.</p> <p>On 8 September 2016, with an effective date of 18 October 2016, anti-dumping measures in the form of IDD were varied for clear float glass exported from China, Thailand and Indonesia, following a continuation inquiry. For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 335</a> and Anti-Dumping Notice <a href="#">2016/85</a>.</p> <p>On 7 March 2019, with an effective date of 8 March 2019, measures in the form of IDD were varied and an additional tariff sub-heading was included for clear float glass exported from Thailand following an anti-circumvention inquiry. For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 479</a> and Anti-Dumping Notice <a href="#">2019/19</a>.</p> <p>On 7 October 2021, with an effective date of 18 October 2021, measures in the form of IDD were varied for clear float glass exported from Indonesia and expired for clear float glass exported from China and Thailand following a continuation inquiry. For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 575</a> and Anti-Dumping Notice <a href="#">2021/116</a>.</p>

2. What types of clear float glass are subject to anti-dumping measures?

**The goods subject to measures include:**

- in nominal thicknesses of 3 to 12 mm;
- transparent;
- flat; and
- rectangular or square in shape.

**Sizes**

The Australian Industry Standard nominal thicknesses and thickness tolerances apply and are listed in the table below.

Nominal thicknesses (mm)	Acceptable Tolerance (mm)	
	Minimum	Maximum
3	2.80	3.50
4	3.51	4.50
5	4.51	5.50
6	5.51	7.00
8	7.01	9.00
10	9.01	11.00
12	11.01	12.30

**The following descriptions are *excluded* from measures, exemption type “GOODS” applies:**

- coated, coloured, tinted or opaque;
- framed or fitted with other materials;
- absorbent, reflective or non-reflective layer;
- toughened (tempered) or laminated;
- wired;
- acid etched; or
- bent, edge-worked, engraved, drilled, enamelled or otherwise worked;
- low iron.

For more information about the description of the goods subject to measures, please refer to the Final Report [REP 575](#).

**Please Note:**

1. When importing goods into the country, importers are required to self-assess whether the imported goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether anti-dumping measures apply.
2. The Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
3. The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission (the commission) and the Australian Border Force (ABF).

3. How much IDD will an importer have to pay?	<p><b><u>IDD – all exporters from Indonesia (except PT Muliaglass)</u></b></p> <p>IDD is in the form of an ad valorem measure. The total IDD liability is calculated by multiplying the dumping export price (DXP) by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate.</p>
4. Example of how to calculate the IDD liability	<p><b><u>Ad Valorem measures</u></b></p> <p>The following is an <b>example</b> of how to calculate the IDD liability.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)</li> <li>• IDD ad valorem rate = 10%</li> </ul> <p><b>Total IDD liability</b></p> <p>The DXP (\$1,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) = \$100</p>
4. Example of how to calculate the IDD liability (continued)	<p><b><u>Fixed and variable measures</u></b></p> <p>The following is an <b>example</b> of how to calculate the IDD liability of a fixed and variable measure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)</li> <li>• AEP = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)</li> <li>• IDD ad valorem rate = 10%</li> </ul> <p><b>IDD liability</b></p> <p><u>Fixed component of IDD:</u></p> <p>The higher of the DXP (\$1,000) or AEP (\$2,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%): \$2,000 (AEP) x 10% = \$200</p> <p><u>Variable component of IDD:</u></p> <p>The amount, if any, by which the DXP (\$1,000) is lower than the AEP (\$2,000)</p> <p>\$2,000 - \$1,000 = \$1,000</p> <p><b>Total IDD liability:</b> \$1,200 (\$200 + \$1,000)</p>

<p>5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?</p>	<p>The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.</p> <p><b>The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.</b></p> <p>For example, if the export terms are “FOB, cash” and the actual invoice terms of the goods are “CIF, 60 days, packed”, the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and</li> <li>• step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.</li> </ul> <p>Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.</p> <p>An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days</li> <li>• Specified terms = FOB, cash</li> <li>• Export price - invoice amount = \$1,000</li> <li>• Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100</li> </ul>
<p>5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it? (continued)</p>	<p><b>Step 1 - adjust for credit terms</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)</li> <li>2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)</li> </ol> <p><b>Step 2 - adjust for incoterms</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent</li> <li>2. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880</li> <li>3. The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash</li> </ol>

<p>6. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?</p>	<p>The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP;</li> <li>• Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);</li> <li>• Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);</li> <li>• Tariff classification and statistical code;</li> <li>• Exporter / supplier; and</li> <li>• Quantity.</li> </ul> <p>Please see below to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.</p>																																			
<p>7. What DSN do I use on the import declaration for my goods and what are the rates for my exporter?</p>	<p>These DSNs apply to goods from Indonesia and entered for home consumption on or after 18 October 2021.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="506 579 1861 1295"> <thead> <tr> <th>Exporter</th> <th>CCID</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Measure</th> <th>IDD Ad Valorem Rate</th> <th>Export Terms</th> <th>DSN</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="7"><b>Indonesia</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>PT Muliaglass</u></td> <td>CCC4436493T CCG4976793N CCG9943373M CEE6333646C CEF4766696X CCE9763963N CCC7446794W CCR7474334Y</td> <td>All types</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>EXEMPT</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>PT Asahimas Flat Glass TBK</u> Supplied directly or through: <u>AGC Asia Pacific Pte Ltd</u></td> <td>CCC4949649P CCC9494496A CCE3994943F CCG4449667N CCH7446994L CEF6679334X</td> <td>All types</td> <td>IDD</td> <td>15.3%</td> <td>FOB, cash</td> <td>136</td> </tr> <tr> <td><u>All other exporters</u></td> <td></td> <td>All types</td> <td>IDD</td> <td>28.3%</td> <td>FOB, cash</td> <td>137</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Please Note:</b> As an ad valorem measure applies, there are no confidential instructions. The IDD rate required is listed above.</p>	Exporter	CCID	Description	Measure	IDD Ad Valorem Rate	Export Terms	DSN	<b>Indonesia</b>							<u>PT Muliaglass</u>	CCC4436493T CCG4976793N CCG9943373M CEE6333646C CEF4766696X CCE9763963N CCC7446794W CCR7474334Y	All types			EXEMPT		<u>PT Asahimas Flat Glass TBK</u> Supplied directly or through: <u>AGC Asia Pacific Pte Ltd</u>	CCC4949649P CCC9494496A CCE3994943F CCG4449667N CCH7446994L CEF6679334X	All types	IDD	15.3%	FOB, cash	136	<u>All other exporters</u>		All types	IDD	28.3%	FOB, cash	137
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8. Are there any exporters exempt from anti-dumping measures?	<p>All exporters and suppliers of clear float glass from Indonesia are subject to IDD except for PT Muliaglass</p> <p>The ‘all other exporters’ rate of IDD will apply to exported goods unless an importer has evidence that the goods are being supplied either directly by a named exporter or through a linked supplier.</p>				
9. How long are the measures in place for?	<p>The measures have been imposed for five years, unless revoked earlier.</p> <p>In the case of clear float glass from Indonesia the measures are in place until 17 October 2026.</p>				
10. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?	<p>Goods subject to measures should be classified using the tariff sub-headings and associated statistical codes below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="712 560 1368 651"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="712 560 1068 603">Tariff subheading</th> <th data-bbox="1068 560 1368 603">Statistical code</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="712 603 1068 651">7005.29.00</td> <td data-bbox="1068 603 1368 651">03, 04, 05, 06, 09</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.</p> <p>The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.</p> <p>Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the <a href="#">Working Tariff page</a> on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.</p>	Tariff subheading	Statistical code	7005.29.00	03, 04, 05, 06, 09
Tariff subheading	Statistical code				
7005.29.00	03, 04, 05, 06, 09				
11. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?	<p>An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Parliamentary Secretary make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.</p> <p>This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.</p> <p>There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods). The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for clear float glass from Indonesia, Thailand and China are:</p>				



11. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?  
(continued)

<b>Importation Period</b>	<b>Application Period</b>
17 October 2020 – 16 April 2021	17 April 2021 – 16 October 2021
17 April 2021 – 16 October 2021	17 October 2021 – 16 April 2022
17 October 2021 – 16 April 2022	17 April 2022 – 16 October 2022
17 April 2022 – 16 October 2022	17 October 2022 – 16 April 2023
17 October 2022 – 16 April 2023	17 April 2023 – 16 October 2023
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17 April 2025 – 16 October 2025	17 October 2025 – 16 April 2026
17 October 2025 – 16 April 2026	17 April 2026 – 16 October 2026
17 April 2026 – 16 October 2026	17 October 2026 – 16 April 2027
17 October 2026 – 16 April 2027	17 April 2027 – 16 October 2027

More information about duty assessments is available on the [Anti-Dumping Commission website](#).