Australian Government
Department of Industry, Science and Resources

Anti-Dumping Commission

Dumping Commodity Register

Steel corner beads & angles

Goods Exported from:

Country	Measure	Date Measures Imposed	Date Measures Expire	Last Anti-Dumping Notice
China	IDD/ICD	04 May 2026	4 May 2031	2026/045 2026/046

This page contains a link to the latest notice. Note that a reference to the 'date measures imposed' is a reference to the date of publication of the original notice. The measures come into effect the day after the date of publication.

Contents

1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?

The Anti-Dumping Commission (ADC) is committed to supporting importers, practitioners and users of the anti-dumping system through providing accessible and up to date information in the DCR.

DCRs provide importers and licensed customs brokers with general guidance and the necessary information to use when lodging an import declaration to clear goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

It is outside the role of the Commission to provide advice on whether specific goods are exempted from or subject to anti-dumping measures. Importers or their agents are required to provide self-assessed information, regarding the goods being imported, in the import declaration.

Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice in making any decisions in relation to importing and/or declaring goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Refer to the Cases page on the website for any current investigation information for this commodity.

2. What types of Steel corner beads & angles are subject to anti-dumping measures?

The goods subject to measures include:
Steel corner/finishing beading and angles, metallic coated, whether or not containing alloys, whether or not drilled, punched, perforated or expanded, of all angle types, of a base metal thickness up to and including 0.49 millimetres, of varying steel grades, with various leg profiles, at various widths and lengths.

Further information
Steel corner beading is a specialised building material used in construction to reinforce and protect the corners of walls where they meet. The most common types of steel corner beading/angles include:

- angled steel bead: used for regular internal joins where walls meet/intersect/connect with other walls and/or ceilings; and
- angled steel bead: used for regular external joins where walls meet/intersect/connect with other walls and/or ceilings.

Exclusions
Plastic and stainless steel corner beading, and external render/texture beading is excluded from this application.

Tariff Concession Orders (TCOs)
Goods subject to Tariff Concession Orders (TCOs) imported into Australia will be automatically exempt from dumping duty and/or countervailing duty.

For more information on this exemption, refer to ADN 2026/135 and its accompanying fact sheets or visit ABF Tariff Concession Orders

Please Note:

- When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether the anti-dumping measures description apply.
- Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
- The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission and the Australian Border Force.

3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?

Goods subject to measures should be classified using the classification and associated statistical codes below:

Tariff Classification	Statistical code
7216.61.00	57
7216.69.00	58
7216.91.00	59
7216.99.00	60
7308.90.00	53

These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.

The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.

Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the Working Tariff page on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.

4. How much Interim Dumping Duty / Interim Countervailing Duty (IDD & ICD) will an importer have to pay?

IDD

IDD is in the form of an ad valorem measure. The total IDD liability is calculated by multiplying the dumping export price (DXP) by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate.

ICD

The ICD liability is calculated by multiplying the DXP by the ICD ad valorem duty rate.

<u>Example of how to calculate the liability</u>

<u>Ad valorem measure</u>
The following is an **<u>example</u>** of how to calculate the IDD/ICD liability.

- DXP = AUD $1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- IDD ad valorem rate = 10%
- ICD ad valorem rate = 15%

Total IDD liability
The DXP ($1,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) - $1,000 x 10% = $100

Total ICD liability
DXP ($1,000) multiplied by the ICD ad valorem rate (15%) = $150

5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?

The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.

The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.

For example, if the export terms are "FOB, cash" and the actual invoice terms of the goods are "CIF, 60 days, packed", the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.

- step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and
- step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.

Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.

An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:

- Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days
- Specified terms = FOB, cash
- Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = $100

Step 1 - adjust for credit terms

1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)
2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is $1,000, then the CIF, cash price = $980 ($1,000 less 2%)

Step 2 - adjust for incoterms

3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent
4. CIF, cash price of $980 minus freight and insurance amount of $100 = $880

The DXP price = $880 FOB, cash.

6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from **China** entered for home consumption on or after **5 May 2026:**

CHINA							
Exporter Name	**CCID**	**DSN**	**Measure**	**IDD**	**ICD**	**Effective Rate of Duty**	**Export Price terms**
All Other Exporters		3	IDD & ICD Ad valorem	27.8 %	4.5 %	32.3 %	FOB, cash

<u>Please Note:</u>

1. IDD duty rates and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
2. The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD.

7. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?

The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to DSA is:

- DXP;
- Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);
- Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);
- Tariff classification and statistical code;
- Exporter / supplier; and
- Quantity.

Please see tables in Question 6 to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.

8. Will dumping securities collected on my imports be converted to measures?

- Securities held will not be refunded until relevant entries subject to the measures are either cancelled or converted to IDD.
- Once entries have been amended, as per instructions, and applicable IDD/ICD is paid, the security will be finalised and any Bank guarantees will be returned or Cash held will be refunded.
- ABF will contact each affected importer/broker and provide relevant cancellation and/or conversion instructions for each consignment subject to security undertakings.

9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?

- An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Minister make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.
- This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.
- There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods). The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for Steel corner/finishing beading and angles from **China** as per **Anti-Dumping Notice** 2026/045 and 2026/046, are as follows:

The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for **China** are

Importation Period	Application Period
*5 November 2025 – 4 May 2026	5 May 2026 – 4 November 2026
5 May 2026 – 4 November 2026	5 November 2026 – 4 May 2027
5 November 2026 – 4 May 2027	5 May 2027 – 4 November 2027
5 May 2027 – 4 November 2027	5 November 2027 – 4 May 2028
5 November 2027 – 4 May 2028	5 May 2028 – 4 November 2028
5 May 2028 – 4 November 2028	5 November 2028 – 4 May 2029
5 November 2028 – 4 May 2029	5 May 2029 – 4 November 2029
5 May 2029 – 4 November 2029	5 November 2029 – 4 May 2030

5 November 2029 – 4 May 2030	5 May 2030 – 4 November 2030
5 May 2030 – 4 November 2030	5 November 2030 – 4 May 2031
5 November 2030 – 4 May 2031	5 May 2031 – 4 November 2031

*Security Importation Period

Applications must be received by the commission as per Anti-Dumping Notice 2024/075

10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on Steel corner beads & angles?

Date Published	Description	Report	ADN
14 October 2025	Securities imposed on China	PAD	2025/103
23 February 2026	Securities adjusted on China	SEF	2026/030
4 May 2026	Measures Imposed on China	Final Report REP 677	2026/045 2026/046