



Australian Government
**Department of Industry,
Science and Resources**

**Anti-Dumping
Commission**

Dumping Commodity Register

Certain strata steel bolts

Goods Exported from: China

Country	Measure	Date Measures Imposed	Date Measures Expire	Last Anti-Dumping Notice
China	IDD / ICD	02 June 2026	2 June 2031	2026/058 2026/059

This page contains a link to the latest notice. Note that a reference to the 'date measures imposed' is a reference to the date of publication of the original notice. The measures come into effect the day after the date of publication.

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1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?

The Anti-Dumping Commission (ADC) is committed to supporting importers, practitioners and users of the anti-dumping system through providing accessible and up to date information in the DCR.

DCRs provide importers and licensed customs brokers with general guidance and the necessary information to use when lodging an import declaration to clear goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

It is outside the role of the Commission to provide advice on whether specific goods are exempted from or subject to anti-dumping measures. Importers or their agents are required to provide self-assessed information, regarding the goods being imported, in the import declaration.

Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice in making any decisions in relation to importing and/or declaring goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Refer to the [Cases page](#) on the website for any current investigation information for this commodity.

2. What types of Certain strata steel bolts are subject to anti-dumping measures?

The goods subject to measures include:

Certain strata reinforcing steel bolts, hollow, made from flat rolled steel, whether or not metallic coated (e.g. galvanised), whether or not containing alloys, with an outside diameter from 44 millimetres up to and including 48 millimetres, of a length from 2.2 metres up to and including 2.5 metres, of a base metal thickness from 2.8 millimetres up to and including 3.4 millimetres, whether or not including the welded ring.

Further information

A strata bolt of a kind the subject of this application, referred to as a friction bolt, is manufactured from hot-rolled coil steel (HRC). All forms of HRC feed material are considered relevant to the goods, regardless of the particular grade or alloy content.

HRC is roll-formed into a hollow C-shape section with the diameter measured at the non-tapered end. A steel ring is welded at one end of the bolt, with the other end tapered. For metallic coated friction bolts, the minimum/maximum coating thickness requirements are applied.

A friction bolt, also known as a split set, or a friction 'lok', is a type of ground support used primarily in mining, tunnelling, and civil engineering projects. Its primary function is to stabilise rock formations and prevent rock falls in underground excavations.

Friction rock bolts are inserted into drilled holes in the rock. As the bolt is driven into the hole, it expands slightly due to its split design, creating friction along the length of the bolt. This friction holds the rock in place and helps prevent movement.

The subject goods are typically/nominally 2.4 metres in length, 47mm in diameter at the non-tapered end, and with a base metal thickness (BMT) of 3.2mm. Product characteristics however fall across the full spectrum of the definition set forth above.

Where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definition set forth above.

The applicants consider that the Australian manufactured like goods are fully substitutable with all types of imported Chinese friction bolts.

Goods excluded from the measures are:

Excluded from this application are strata reinforcing bolts that contain a solid centre reinforcing bar and locking system. These goods, commonly referred to as a mechanical point anchored bolt or mechanical lock, are used in underground strata support applications and include a tensionable point anchor by way of an internal solid steel bolt.

Please Note:

- When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether the anti-dumping measures description apply.
- Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
- The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission and the Australian Border Force.

3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?

Goods subject to measures should be classified using the classification and associated statistical codes below:

Tariff Classification	Statistical code
7304.51.00	30
7308.40.00	05
7318.15.00	56, 65
7318.24.00	22
7318.19.00	03, 19

These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.

The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.

Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the [Working Tariff page](#) on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.

4. How much Interim Dumping Duty (IDD) / Interim Countervailing Duty (ICD) will an importer have to pay?

IDD (Ad Valorem)

IDD is in the form of an ad valorem measure. The total IDD liability is calculated by multiplying the dumping export price (DXP) by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate.

ICD

The ICD liability is calculated by multiplying the DXP by the ICD ad valorem duty rate

Example of how to calculate the liability - Ad valorem measure

The following is an example of how to calculate the IDD/ICD liability.

- DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- IDD ad valorem rate = 10%
- ICD ad valorem rate = 15%

Total IDD liability: The DXP (\$1,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) - $\$1,000 \times 10\% = \100

Total ICD liability: DXP (\$1,000) multiplied by the ICD ad valorem rate (15%) = \$150

5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?

The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.

The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.

For example, if the export terms are “FOB, cash” and the actual invoice terms of the goods are “CIF, 60 days, packed”, the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.

- step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and
- step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.

Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.

An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:

- Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days
- Specified terms = FOB, cash
- Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100

Step 1 - adjust for credit terms

1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)
2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)

Step 2 - adjust for incoterms

3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent
4. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880

The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash.

6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from **China** entered for home consumption on or after **2 June 2026**:

CHINA						
Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure type	IDD Ad Valorem Rate	ICD Ad Valorem Rate	Export Price terms
Anto Mining Equipment Co., Ltd	CHM7796399K	15	IDD & ICD	15.10%	14.00%	FOB, 37 Days
Huanghua Tanrimine Metal Support Co., Ltd.	CGE6974773F	14	ICD	N/A	10.3 %	FOB, 91 Days
Sandvik Jining Rocbolt Technologies China Co., Ltd	CHN7673476A	16	IDD & ICD	3.50%	6.70%	FOB, 60 Days
All Other Exporters		13	IDD & ICD	24.80%	14.00%	FOB, 37 Days

Please Note:

- IDD ad valorem rates, floor price and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
- The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD.

7. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?

The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD is:

- DXP;
- Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);
- Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);
- Tariff classification and statistical code;
- Exporter / supplier; and
- Quantity.

Please see tables in Question 6 to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.

8. Will dumping securities collected on my imports be converted to measures?

- Securities taken in will be either cancelled or converted to IDD.
- The ABF will contact each affected importer/broker and provide relevant cancellation and/or conversion instructions for each consignment subject to security undertakings.

9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?

An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Minister make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.

This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.

There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods). The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for Certain Strata Steel Bolts from **China** as per **Anti-Dumping Notice 2026/058** and **2026/059**, are as follows:

CHINA

Importation Period	Application Period
*2 December 2025 – 1 June 2026	2 June 2026 – 1 December 2026
2 June 2026 – 1 December 2026	2 December 2026 – 1 June 2027
2 December 2026 – 1 June 2027	2 June 2027 – 1 December 2027
2 June 2027 – 1 December 2027	2 December 2027 – 1 June 2028
2 December 2027 – 1 June 2028	2 June 2028 – 1 December 2028
2 June 2028 – 1 December 2028	2 December 2028 – 1 June 2029
2 December 2028 – 1 June 2029	2 June 2029 – 1 December 2029
2 June 2029 – 1 December 2029	2 December 2029 – 1 June 2030
2 December 2029 – 1 June 2030	2 June 2030 – 1 December 2030
2 June 2030 – 1 December 2030	2 December 2030 – 1 June 2031
2 December 2030 – 1 June 2031	2 June 2031 – 1 December 2031

*Security importation period

Applications must be received by the commission as per [Anti-Dumping Notice 2024/075](#).

9. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on Certain strata steel bolts?

Date Published	Description	Report	ADN
23 December 2025	Securities imposed on China	PAD	2025/129
6 March 2026	Securities adjusted on China	PAD Amendment	2026/031
1 June 2026	Measures imposed on China	Final Report	2026/058 & 2026/059