



Dumping Commodity Register

Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths

Goods Exported from:

Country	Measure	Date Measures Imposed	Date Measures Expire	Last Anti-Dumping Notice
Malaysia	IDD	22 October 2025	22 October 2030	2025/124
Thailand	IDD	22 October 2025	22 October 2030	
Türkiye	IDD	22 October 2025	22 October 2030	
Vietnam	IDD	22 October 2025	22 October 2030	

This page contains a link to the latest notice. Note that a reference to the 'date measures imposed' is a reference to the date of publication of the original notice. The measures come into effect the day after the date of publication.

All information contained in this document is provided for general information purposes only. While the Anti-Dumping Commission has taken due care in preparing the information, the Anti-Dumping Commission does not guarantee the accuracy, reliability or completeness of the information contained herein. The Anti-Dumping Commission accepts no liability for any loss or damage suffered due to the direct or indirect reliance on the information contained in this document. Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice prior to relying on, or making any decisions in relation to, the information provided in this document.

Contents

1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?	3
2. What types of Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths are subject to anti-dumping measures? ...	3
3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?.....	4
4. How much Interim Dumping Duties (IDD) will an importer have to pay?	4
5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?	5
6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?	6
7. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?	8
8. Will dumping securities collected on my imports be converted to measures?	8
9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?	8
10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths?	9

1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?

The Anti-Dumping Commission (ADC) is committed to supporting importers, practitioners and users of the anti-dumping system through providing accessible and up to date information in the DCR.

DCRs provide importers and licensed customs brokers with general guidance and the necessary information to use when lodging an import declaration to clear goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

It is outside the role of the Commission to provide advice on whether specific goods are exempted from or subject to anti-dumping measures. Importers or their agents are required to provide self-assessed information, regarding the goods being imported, in the import declaration.

Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice in making any decisions in relation to importing and/or declaring goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Refer to the [Cases page](#) on the website for any current investigation information for this commodity.

2. What types of Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths are subject to anti-dumping measures?

The goods subject to measures include:

Hot-rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar, commonly identified as rebar or debar, in various diameters up to and including 50 millimetres, containing indentations, ribs, grooves or other deformations produced during the rolling process.

Further information:

The goods include all steel reinforcing bar meeting the above description regardless of the particular grade, alloy content, coating or length.

Exclusions:

Goods excluded from the measures are hot-rolled deformed reinforcing steel in coil form, plain round bar, stainless steel and reinforcing mesh.

Please Note:

- When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether the anti-dumping measures description apply.
- Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
- The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission and the Australian Border Force.

3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?

Goods subject to measures should be classified using the classification and associated statistical codes below:

Tariff Classification	Statistical code
7214.20.00	47
7228.30.10	70
7228.30.90	40
7228.60.10	72

These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.

The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.

Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the [Working Tariff page](#) on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.

4. How much Interim Dumping Duties (IDD) will an importer have to pay?

IDD – (combination) – exporters as listed in table below from Malaysia, Thailand, Türkiye and Vietnam

Dumping duties (IDD) is in the form of a fixed and variable measure. The total IDD liability is calculated as follows:

- fixed component of IDD: dumping export price (DXP) or ascertained export price (AEP), whichever is the greatest, multiplied by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate; **plus**
- variable component of IDD: the amount, if any, by which the DXP is lower than the AEP.

Example of how to calculate the IDD liability

Fixed and variable measures

The following is an **example** of how to calculate the IDD liability.

- DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- AEP = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)
- IDD ad valorem rate = 10%

IDD liability

Fixed component of IDD:

The higher of the DXP (\$1,000) or AEP (\$2,000) multiplied by the IDD fixed and variable rate (10%)
 $\$2,000 \text{ (AEP)} \times 10\% = \200

5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?

The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.

The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.

For example, if the export terms are “FOB, cash” and the actual invoice terms of the goods are “CIF, 60 days, packed”, the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.

- step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and
- step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.

Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.

An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:

- Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days
- Specified terms = FOB, cash
- Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100

Step 1 - adjust for credit terms

1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)
2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)

Step 2 - adjust for incoterms

3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent
4. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880

The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash.

6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from Malaysia, Thailand, Türkiye and Vietnam entered for home consumption on or after **22 October 2025**:

Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export Price (per piece)	Export Price terms
Malaysia						
Southern Steel Berhard <i>Supplied through</i> BRC Asia Ltd ASPAC Alliance Steels Sdn Bhd	CCK9369977P CJF9393933P CCE6446493T	Exempt				
Ann Joo Steel Berhad	CCY9993396G	312	IDD Combination	9.20%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
<u>Residual Exporters</u> Alliance Steel (M) Sdn Bhd <i>Supplied through</i> PMW Metals (M) Sdn Bhd <u>Residual Exporters</u> Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd Malaysia Steel Works (KL) Bhd	CHR4967773L CGA3644696M CCC9734679K CCR9697346P	313	IDD Combination	9.20%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
All Other Exporters		314	IDD Combination	26.20%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export Price (per piece)	Export Price terms
Thailand						
Tata Steel Manufacturing (Thailand) Public Company Limited	CHX3663479J	315	IDD Combination	2.10%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
All Other Exporters		316	IDD Combination	6.70%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export Price (per piece)	Export Price terms
Türkiye						
Colakoglu Metalurji A.S.	CGX4963794X	317	IDD Combination	7.10%	Confidential	FOB, Cash

Kaptan Demir Celik Endustrisi ve Ticaret A.S.	CHP7746747C	318	IDD Combination	9.10%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
<u>Residual Exporters</u> Kroman Celik Sanayii A.S.	CGA3937477X	319	IDD Combination	8.50%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
All Other Exporters		320	IDD Combination	36.40%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
Exporter Name	CCID	DSN	Measure	Effective Rate of Duty	Ascertained Export Price (per piece)	Export Price terms
Vietnam						
Hoa Phat	CGM6997463K	Exempt				
Vina Kyoei Steel Company Ltd	CHJ7676463G	321	IDD Combination	9.60%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
<u>Residual Exporters</u> Tung Ho Steel Vietnam Corporation Limited VAS Group Nghi Son Joint Stock Company	CHY9633376P CHW3934996C	322	IDD Combination	9.60%	Confidential	FOB, Cash
All Other Exporters		323	IDD Combination	17.30%	Confidential	FOB, Cash

Please Note:

1. IDD duty rates and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
2. The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD.

7. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?

The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD is:

- DXP;
- Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);
- Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);
- Tariff classification and statistical code;
- Exporter / supplier; and
- Quantity.

Please see tables in Question 6 to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.

8. Will dumping securities collected on my imports be converted to measures?

- Securities taken in will be either cancelled or converted to IDD.
- The ABF will contact each affected importer/broker and provide relevant cancellation and/or conversion instructions for each consignment subject to security undertakings.

9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?

- An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Minister make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.
- This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.
- There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods). The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths from **Thailand, Türkiye, Vietnam and Malaysia** as per **Anti-Dumping Notice [2025/124](#)**, are as follows:

The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for **Thailand, Türkiye, Vietnam and Malaysia** are

Importation Period	Application Period
22 October 2025 – 21 April 2026	22 April 2026 – 21 October 2026
22 April 2026 – 21 October 2026	22 October 2026 – 21 April 2027
22 October 2026 – 21 April 2027	22 April 2027 – 21 October 2027
22 April 2027 – 21 October 2027	22 October 2027 – 21 April 2028
22 October 2027 – 21 April 2028	22 April 2028 – 21 October 2028
22 April 2028 – 21 October 2028	22 October 2028 – 21 April 2029
22 October 2028 – 21 April 2029	22 April 2029 – 21 October 2029
22 April 2029 – 21 October 2029	22 October 2029 – 21 April 2030
22 October 2029 – 21 April 2030	22 April 2030 – 21 October 2030

10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on Hot rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar in lengths?

Date Published	Description	Report	ADN
22 October 2025	Securities imposed on Malaysia, Thailand, Türkiye and Vietnam.	PAD	2025/109
22 December 2025	Measures imposed on Thailand, Türkiye, Vietnam and Malaysia due to investigation 655	Final Report REP 655	2025/124
19 November 2025	ASPAC Alliance Steels Sdn Bhd added as supplier of Southern Steel Berhad Malaysia		
06 January 2026	BRC Asia Ltd added as supplier of Southern Steel Berhad Malaysia		
07 January 2026	Alliance Steel (M) Sdn Bhd added as supplier of PMW Metals (M) Sdn Bhd		