

Dumping Commodity Register

Rod in Coil

Goods Exported from:

Country	Measure	Date Measures Imposed	Date Measures Expire	Last Anti-Dumping Notice
CHINA	IDD	22-April-2016	22-April-2026	2021/032

This page contains a link to the latest notice. Note that a reference to the 'date measures imposed' is a reference to the date of publication of the original notice. The measures come into effect the day after the date of publication.

Contents

1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?	3
2. What types of rod in coil are subject to anti-dumping measures?	3
3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?	3
4. How much Interim Dumping Duty (IDD will an importer have to pay?	4
5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?	4
6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?	6
7. How do I find out the confidential rate and ascertained export price for my exporter?	7
8. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?	7
9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?	7
10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on rod in coil?	8

1. What is the function of the Dumping Commodity Register (DCR)?

The Anti-Dumping Commission (ADC) is committed to supporting importers, practitioners and users of the anti-dumping system through providing accessible and up to date information in the DCR.

DCRs provide importers and licensed customs brokers with general guidance and the necessary information to use when lodging an import declaration to clear goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

It is outside the role of the Commission to provide advice on whether specific goods are exempted from or subject to anti-dumping measures. Importers or their agents are required to provide self-assessed information, regarding the goods being imported, in the import declaration.

Interested parties should obtain their own independent professional advice in making any decisions in relation to importing and/or declaring goods subject to anti-dumping measures.

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Refer to the <u>Cases page</u> on the website for any current investigation information for this commodity.

2. What types of rod in coils are subject to anti-dumping measures?

The goods subject to measures include:

Hot rolled rods in coil of steel, whether or not containing alloys, that have maximum cross sections that are less than 14mm.

The following are <u>excluded</u> from measures, exemption type "GOODS" applies:

- Deformed bar in coil; and
- Stainless steel in coil.

For more information about the description of the goods subject to measures, refer to Final report REP 240 and REP 301.

Please Note:

- When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the
 goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether the anti-dumping measures
 description apply.
- Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.
- The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission and the Australian Border Force.

3. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?

Goods subject to measures should be classified using the classification and associated statistical codes below:

Tariff Classification	Statistical code
7213.91.00	44
7227.90.90	02

These tariff classifications and statistical codes may apply to goods which are not subject to measures, may change because of amendments to the Working Tariff or the subject goods may be imported under tariff classification numbers that are not listed.

The listing of this tariff classification and statistical code is for convenience or reference only and does not form part of the goods description. Please refer to the goods description for authoritative detail regarding goods subject to measures.

Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they check the Working Tariff page on the ABF website or contact the ABF on 131 881.

4. How much Interim Dumping Duty (IDD) will an importer have to pay?

IDD (Combination)

IDD is in the form of a fixed and variable measure. The total IDD liability is calculated as follows:

- fixed component of IDD: dumping export price (DXP) or ascertained export price (AEP),
 whichever is the greatest, multiplied by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate; plus
- variable component of IDD: the amount, if any, by which the DXP is lower than the AEP.

Example of how to calculate the IDD liability

Combination of Fixed and Variable measures

The following is an **example** of how to calculate the IDD fixed and variable liability.

- DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)
- AEP = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)
- IDD ad valorem rate = 10%

Fixed component of IDD:

The higher of the DXP (\$1,000) or AEP (\$2,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) $$2,000 \times 10\% = 200

Variable component of IDD:

The amount, if any, by which the DXP (\$1,000) is lower than the AEP (\$2,000) \$2,000 - \$1,000 = \$1,000

Total IDD liability: \$1,200 (\$200 + \$1,000)

5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?

The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.

The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the export terms for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified.

For example, if the export terms are "FOB, cash" and the actual invoice terms of the goods are "CIF, 60 days, packed", the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.

• step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and

• step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.

Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.

An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:

- Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days
- Specified terms = FOB, cash
- Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100

Step 1 - adjust for credit terms

- 1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)
- 2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)

Step 2 - adjust for incoterms

- 3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent
- 4. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880

The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash.

6. What Dumping Specification Number (DSN) do I use and what are the rates for my exporter?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from **China** entered for home consumption on or after **25 December 2020**:

Exporter Name	DSN	Measure Ascertained Export Price		IDD Ad Valorem Rate	Export Price terms
CHINA					
All Other Exporters	148	IDD	Confidential	33.1%	FOB, cash

Please Note:

- AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
- The actual duty liability may be higher than the rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD

7. How do I find out the confidential rate and ascertained export price for my exporter?

The IDD ad valorem rate, floor price and the AEP for each DSN are considered confidential and will not be published. Importers of these goods may be provided with the confidential IDD and the AEP, however the onus is on the importer to substantiate their commercial relationship with an exporter/supplier of their goods by providing evidence of:

- A previous trading history with a nominated exporter/supplier of the goods. Evidence of a trading history
 would take the form of at least commercial invoices, packing list and bills of lading from previous shipments.
 Additional documentation may be requested by the Commission; or
- In the absence of a trading history, an offer or a quotation from an exporter/supplier of goods subject to dumping/countervailing measures. The offer or quotation must be on the exporter/supplier's company letterhead.

Requests and evidence should be sent to clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au

Please note:

- Any requests for the confidential information that do not include sufficient evidence as outlined above will be rejected.
- Only as much of the confidential information as is necessary to enter the goods will be provided.

8. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?

The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD/ICD is:

- o DXP:
- Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);
- Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);
- Tariff classification and statistical code;
- Exporter / supplier; and
- o Quantity.

Please see tables in Question 6 to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.

9. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?

An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Minister make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.

This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.

There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods).

The duty assessment importation periods and application dates for **China** are:

Importation Period	Application Period
22 October 2019 – 21 April 2020	22 April 2020 – 21 October 2020
22 April 2020 – 21 October 2020	22 October 2020 – 21 April 2021
22 October 2020 – 21 April 2021	22 April 2021 – 21 October 2021
22 April 2021 – 21 October 2021	22 October 2021 – 21 April 2022
22 October 2021 – 21 April 2022	22 April 2022 – 21 October 2022
22 April 2022 – 21 October 2022	22 October 2022 – 21 April 2023
22 October 2022 – 21 April 2023	22 April 2023 – 21 October 2023
22 April 2023 – 21 October 2023	22 October 2023 – 21 April 2024
22 October 2023 – 21 April 2024	22 April 2024 – 21 October 2024
22 April 2024 – 21 October 2024	22 October 2024 – 21 April 2025
22 October 2024 – 21 April 2025	22 April 2025 – 21 October 2025
22 April 2025 – 21 October 2025	22 October 2025 – 21 April 2026
22 October 2025 – 22 April 2026	23 April 2026 – 22 October 2026

^{*}Applications must be received by the commission as per Anti-Dumping Notice 2024/075.

More information about duty assessments is available on the <u>Anti-Dumping Commission website</u>.

10. What are the key reports and notices linked to the measures on rod in coils?

Date Published	Description	Report	ADN
17 Jun 2015	Measures imposed on Indonesia and Taiwan	Final report REP	2015/76
22 Apr 2016	Measures imposed on China	Final report REP	2016/47
19 Oct 2016	Countervailing Measures imposed on China	Final report REP	2016/93
13 Jan 2017	ADRP	Final report REP	2018/50
20 Apr 2018	Measures amended following Review of Measures on China	Final report <u>REP</u> 413	2018/50
26 Mar 2018	Investigation terminated on Indonesia, Korea and Vietnam	Termination report TER 416	2018/53
14 Nov 2018	Measures amended following ADRP Review	ADRP Report 83	
17 Jun 2020	Measures expired on Taiwan		2019/078
24 Dec 2020	Measures amended following review of Measures on China	Final report REP 564	2020/141
12 Apr 2021	Continuation of Measures on China	Final report REP 562	2021/032