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**National
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NMI R 76 Non-automatic Weighing Instruments

Part 2: Test report format

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The English version of international standard OIML R 76-2:2007 (E) *Non-automatic weighing instruments. Part 2: Test report format* is adopted as the identical national standard with the reference number NMI R 76-2:2015.

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SPECIAL NOTE

Until 1 August 2020, NMI will, upon request, assess new approvals for instruments against either the previous (2004) edition or the current (2015) edition of NMI R 76-1.

Applications for review of an existing approval will be, upon request, assessed against either the previous (2004) edition or the current (2015) edition of NMI R 76-1 until 1 August 2022.

Approvals issued under the previous (2004) edition will be granted a review date of no later than 1 August 2025.

SCOPE

NMI R 76-2:2015 provides the test report format templates for recording the results of tests contained in Annexes A and B of NMI R 76-1:2015 to present the results in a standardised format for approval.

CONTENTS

NMI R 76-2:2015 is comprised of, and identical to OIML R 76-2:2007 (E), *Non-automatic weighing instruments Part 2: Test report format* published by the International Organisation of Legal Metrology (OIML).

VARIATIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

All references to OIML R 76-1 are to mean NMI R 76-1:2015 *Non-automatic Weighing Instruments Part 1: Metrological and Technical Requirements – Tests*, October 2015.

Non-automatic weighing instruments

Part 2: Test report format

Instruments de pesage à fonctionnement non automatique

Partie 2: Format du rapport d'essai



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Foreword

The International Organization of Legal Metrology (OIML) is a worldwide, intergovernmental organization whose primary aim is to harmonize the regulations and metrological controls applied by the national metrological services, or related organizations, of its Member States. The main categories of OIML publications are:

- **International Recommendations (OIML R)**, which are model regulations that establish the metrological characteristics required of certain measuring instruments and which specify methods and equipment for checking their conformity. OIML Member States shall implement these Recommendations to the greatest possible extent;
- **International Documents (OIML D)**, which are informative in nature and which are intended to harmonize and improve work in the field of legal metrology;
- **International Guides (OIML G)**, which are also informative in nature and which are intended to give guidelines for the application of certain requirements to legal metrology; and
- **International Basic Publications (OIML B)**, which define the operating rules of the various OIML structures and systems.

OIML Draft Recommendations, Documents and Guides are developed by Technical Committees or Subcommittees which comprise representatives from the Member States. Certain international and regional institutions also participate on a consultation basis. Cooperative agreements have been established between the OIML and certain institutions, such as ISO and the IEC, with the objective of avoiding contradictory requirements. Consequently, manufacturers and users of measuring instruments, test laboratories, etc. may simultaneously apply OIML publications and those of other institutions.

International Recommendations, Documents, Guides and Basic Publications are published in English (E) and translated into French (F) and are subject to periodic revision.

Additionally, the OIML publishes or participates in the publication of **Vocabularies (OIML V)** and periodically commissions legal metrology experts to write **Expert Reports (OIML E)**. Expert Reports are intended to provide information and advice, and are written solely from the viewpoint of their author, without the involvement of a Technical Committee or Subcommittee, nor that of the International Committee of Legal Metrology. Thus, they do not necessarily represent the views of the OIML.

This publication – reference OIML R 76-2, Edition 2007 – was developed by Technical Subcommittee TC 9/SC 1 *Non-automatic weighing instruments*. It was approved for final publication by the International Committee of Legal Metrology in 2007 and supersedes the previous edition of R 76-2 (1993).

OIML Publications may be downloaded from the OIML web site in the form of PDF files. Additional information on OIML Publications may be obtained from the Organization's headquarters:

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Introduction

The “Type evaluation report”, the subject of R 76-2, aims at presenting, in a standardized format, the results of the various tests to which a type of a non-automatic weighing instrument shall be submitted with a view to its approval. These tests are described in Annexes A and B of R 76-1.

All metrology services or laboratories evaluating types of non-automatic weighing instruments according to R 76-1 or to national or regional regulations based on OIML R 76-1 are strongly advised to use this “Type evaluation report”, directly or after translation into a language other than English or French. Its direct use in English or in French, or in both languages, is even more strongly recommended whenever test results may be transmitted by the country performing these tests to the approving authorities of another country, under bi- or multi-lateral co-operation agreements. In the framework of the OIML *Certificate System for Measuring Instruments*, and the OIML *Mutual Acceptance Arrangement* (MAA), use of this report format is mandatory, in French and/or in English with translation into the national languages of the countries issuing such certificates, if appropriate.

The “information concerning the test equipment used for type evaluation” shall cover all test equipment which has been used in determining the test results given in a report. The information may be a short list containing only essential data (name, type, reference number for purpose of traceability). For example:

- Verification standards (accuracy, or accuracy class, and no.);
- Simulator for testing of modules (name, type, traceability and no.);
- Climatic test and static temperature chamber (name, type and no.);
- Electrical tests, bursts (name of the instrument, type and no.);
- Description of the procedure of field calibration for the test of immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields.

Note concerning the numbering of the following pages

In addition to a sequential numbering: “R 76-2 page” at the bottom of the pages of this publication, a special place is left at the top of each page (starting with the following page) for numbering the pages of reports established following this model; in particular, some tests (e.g. weighing performance) shall be repeated several times, each test being reported individually on a separate page following the relevant format; in the same way, a multiple range instrument shall be tested separately for each range and a separate form (including the general information form) shall be filled out for each range. For a given report, it is advisable to complete the sequential numbering of each page by the indication of the total number of pages of the report.

Non-automatic weighing instruments

Type evaluation report

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Meaning of symbols:

- I = Indication
- I_n = n th indication
- L = Load
- ΔL = Additional load to next changeover point
- P = $I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L$ = Indication prior to rounding (digital indication)
- E = $I - L$ or $= P - L$ or $= I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$ = Error
- E_c = Corrected error
- mpe = Maximum permissible error (absolute value)
- EUT = Equipment under test

The name(s) or symbol(s) of the unit(s) used to express test results shall be specified in each form.

For each test, the “SUMMARY OF TYPE EVALUATION” and the “CHECKLIST” shall be completed according to this example:

- when the instrument has passed the test:
- when the instrument has failed the test:
- when the test is not applicable:

PASSED	FAILED
X	
	X
–	–

The white spaces in boxes in the headings of the report should always be filled in according to the following example:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:	20.5		21.2	°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

where:

- Temp. = temperature
- Rel. h. = relative humidity
- Bar. pres. = barometric pressure (barometric pressure is necessary for the span stability test and when specified by IEC test provisions; in other cases it may be necessary only for class I instruments).

“Date” in the test report refers to the date on which the test was performed.

In the disturbance tests (12.1 through 12.7), faults greater than e are acceptable provided that they are detected and acted upon, or that they result from circumstances such that these faults shall not be considered as significant (see T.5.5.6 in R 76-1); an appropriate explanation shall be given in the column “Yes (remarks)”.

Numbers in brackets refer to the corresponding subclauses of OIML R 76-1.

General information concerning the type

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Manufacturer:
 Applicant:
 Instrument category:

Complete instrument Module¹ with error fraction $p_i =$

Accuracy class²: **I** **II** **III** **III**

Self-indicating Semi-self-indicating Non-self-indicating

Min =

$e =$ Max = $d =$ $n =$

$e_1 =$ Max₁ = $d_1 =$ $n_1 =$
 $e_2 =$ Max₂ = $d_2 =$ $n_2 =$
 $e_3 =$ Max₃ = $d_3 =$ $n_3 =$

T = + T = -

$U_{nom} =$ V $U_{min} =$ V $U_{max} =$ V $f =$ Hz Battery, $U_{nom} =$ V

Zero-setting device: Tare device:

Non-automatic Tare balancing Combined zero/tare device

Semi-automatic Tare weighing

Automatic zero-setting Preset tare device

Initial zero-setting Subtractive tare

Zero-tracking Additive tare

Initial zero-setting range = % of Max Temperature range: °C

Printer: Built-in Connected Not present but connectable No connection

Instrument submitted:	Load cell:
Identification no.:	Manufacturer:
Software version:	Type:
Connected equipment:	Capacity:
.....	Number:
Interfaces (number, nature):	Classification symbol:
.....
.....	Remarks:
Evaluation period: .....	.....
Date of report: .....	.....
Observer: .....	.....

¹ The test equipment (simulator or a part of a complete instrument) connected to the module shall be defined in the test form(s) used.
² Please note that the class denominations used hereafter in this Recommendation do not include the oval around the number for improved clarity of the Test Report Format's text.

**General information concerning the type
(continued)**

Use this space to indicate additional remarks and/or information: Connection equipment, interfaces and load cells, choice of the manufacturer regarding protection against disturbances (5.1.1 a or 5.1.1 b of R 76-1), etc.

**Information concerning the test equipment
used for type evaluation**

Summary of type evaluation

Application no.:
 Type designation:

	Tests	Report page	PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
1	Weighing performance Initial °C °C °C °C °C °C				
2	Temperature effect on no-load indication				
3.1	Eccentricity using weights				
3.2	Eccentricity using a rolling load				
4.1	Discrimination				
4.2	Sensitivity				
5	Repeatability				
6.1	Zero return				
6.2	Creep				
7	Stability of equilibrium <u>Printing, storage</u> Zero-setting, tare balancing				
8	Tilting				
9	Tare				
10	Warm-up time				
11	Voltage variations				
12.1	AC mains voltage dips and short interruptions				
12.2	Electrical bursts <u>a) Mains power supply lines</u> b) I/O circuits and communication lines				
12.3	Surges <u>a) AC mains power supply</u> b) Any other kind of power supply lines				
12.4	Electrostatic discharges <u>a) Direct application</u> b) Indirect application (contact discharges only)				
12.5	Immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields				
12.6	Immunity to conducted radio-frequency fields				
12.7	Electrical transients on instruments powered from a road vehicle power supply <u>a) Conduction along supply lines of external 12 V and 24 V batteries</u> b) Capacitive and inductive coupling via lines other than supply lines				
13	Damp heat, steady state <u>a) Initial test (at reference temperature)</u> b) Test at high temperature and 85 % relative humidity <u>c) Final test (at reference temperature)</u>				
14	Span stability				
15	Endurance <u>a) Initial test</u> c) Final test				
	EXAMINATIONS				
16	Examination of the construction				
17	Checklist				

Remarks:

1 WEIGHING PERFORMANCE (A.4.4) (A.5.3.1)
(Calculation of the error)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

Initial zero-setting > 20 % of Max: Yes No (see R 76-1, A.4.4.2)

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$$E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero}^*$$

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>		Add. load, ΔL		Error, <i>E</i>		Corrected error, <i>E_c</i>		mpe
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
	*				*				

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

2 TEMPERATURE EFFECT ON NO-LOAD INDICATION (A.5.3.2)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$$P = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L$$

Report page*	Date	Time	Temp (°C)	Zero indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	<i>P</i>	ΔP	Δ Temp.	Zero-change per ... °C

ΔP = difference of *P* for two consecutive tests at different temperatures
 Δ Temp. = difference of Temp. for two consecutive tests at different temperatures

Check if the zero-change per 5 °C is smaller than *e* (class II, III or IIII)
 Check if the zero-change per 1 °C is smaller than *e* (class I)

Passed Failed

Remarks:

* Give the report page of the relevant weighing test where weighing tests and temperature effect on no-load indication test are conducted together (see R 76-1, Figure 11).

3 ECCENTRICITY (A.4.7)

3.1 Eccentricity using weights (A.4.7.1, 2 and 3)

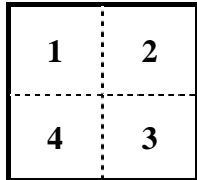
Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

- 1) Test(s) performed on a mobile instrument (A.4.7.5): Yes No
 2) In case of “Yes” to 1): A.4.7 and A.4.7.1 to A.4.7.4 have been applied: Yes No
 3) In case of “No” to 2): Description of eccentricity test(s) (see A.4.7.5) under “Remarks”

Location of test loads: mark on a sketch (see example below) the successive locations of test loads, using numbers which shall be repeated in the table below.



Also indicate in the sketch the location of the display or of another perceptible part of the instrument.

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

- Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$E_c = E - E_0$ with E_0 = error calculated at or near zero* determined prior to each measurement

Location	Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	Error, <i>E</i>	Corrected error, E_c	mpe
	*			*		
1						
	*			*		
2						
	*			*		
3						
	*			*		
4						

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

- Passed Failed

Remarks:

3.2 Eccentricity using a rolling load (A.4.7.4)

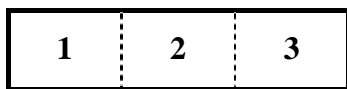
Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

Number of sections of the divided load receptor Undivided load receptor

Location of test loads for each section of the load receptor: mark on a sketch (see example below) the successive locations of test loads, using numbers which shall be repeated in the table below. Also indicate in the sketch the location of the display or of another perceptible part of the instrument.



Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:
 Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range

$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$
 $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero*

Section	Direction (← / →)	Location	Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	Error, <i>E</i>	Corrected error, E_c	mpe
			*			*		
			*			*		
			*			*		
			*			*		

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$
 Passed Failed

Remarks:

4 DISCRIMINATION AND SENSITIVITY

4.1 Discrimination

4.1.1 Digital indication (A.4.8.2)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date: Temp.: °C
 Observer: Rel. h.: %
 Verification scale interval, *e*: Time:
 Scale interval, *d*: Bar. pres.: hPa

At start	At max	At end

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i> ₁	Removed load ΔL	Add 1/10 <i>d</i>	Extra load, = 1.4 <i>d</i>	Indication, <i>I</i> ₂	<i>I</i> ₂ - <i>I</i> ₁

Check if $I_2 - I_1 \geq d$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

4.1.2 Analog indication (A.4.8.1)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date: Temp.: °C
 Observer: Rel. h.: %
 Verification scale interval, *e*: Time:
 Scale interval, *d*: Bar. pres.: hPa

At start	At max	At end

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i> ₁	Extra load = |mpe|	Indication, <i>I</i> ₂	<i>I</i> ₂ - <i>I</i> ₁

Check if $I_2 - I_1 \geq 0.7 \text{ mpe}$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

4.1.3 Non-self-indicating instrument (A.4.8.1)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Extra load, = 0.4 |mpe|	Visible displacement*

* Mark a visible displacement by “+”

Check if there is a visible displacement

Passed Failed

Remarks:

4.2 Sensitivity (non-self-indicating instrument) (A.4.9)

Application No.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp:				°C
Rel. h:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres:				hPa

Load <i>L</i>	Extra load = |mpe|	Permanent displacement of indicating element
		mm
		mm
		mm

Check if the permanent displacement is equal to or greater than:

- 1 mm for an instrument of accuracy class I or II
- 2 mm for an instrument of accuracy class III or IIII with Max ≤ 30 kg
- 5 mm for an instrument of accuracy class III or IIII with Max > 30 kg

Passed Failed

Remarks:

5 REPEATABILITY (A.4.10)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent In operation

Load (weighing 1-10)

Load (weighing 11-20)

$$E = I + 1/2 e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of load, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	<i>E</i>
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

	Indication of load, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	<i>E</i>
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

$E_{\max} - E_{\min}$ (weighing 1-10)

$E_{\max} - E_{\min}$ (weighing 11-20)

mpe

mpe

- Check if
- a) $E \leq \text{mpe}$ (3.6 of R 76-1)
 - b) $E_{\max} - E_{\min} \leq \text{absolute value of mpe}$ (3.6.1 of R 76-1)

Passed Failed

Remarks:

6 TIME-DEPENDENCE

6.1 Zero return (A.4.11.2)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp:				°C
Rel. h:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range

$$P = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L$$

Time of reading	Load, L_0	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL	P
0 min				$P_0 =$
Load during 30 minutes = <input type="text"/>				
30 min				$P_{30} =$

Change after 30 minutes:

$$|\Delta(P_{30} - P_0)| =$$

For multiple range instruments keep instrument unloaded for further 5 minutes:

Change 5 minutes later:

35 min				$P_{35} =$
--------	--	--	--	------------

$$|\Delta(P_{35} - P_{30})| =$$

- Check if a) $|\Delta(P_{30} - P_0)| \leq 0.5 e$
 b) $|\Delta(P_{35} - P_{30})| \leq e_1$ (for multiple range instruments only)

Passed Failed

Remarks:

6.2 Creep (A.4.11.1)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp:				°C
Rel. h:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres:				hPa

(only class I)

$$P = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L$$

Time of reading		Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	<i>P</i>	ΔP
	0 min					
	5 min					
	15 min					
	30 min*					

	1 h					
	2 h					
	3 h					
	4 h					

ΔP = difference between *P* at the start (0 min) and *P* at a given time.

* If condition a) is met, the test is terminated. If not, the test shall be continued for the next 3.5 hours and condition b) shall be met.

Condition a): $\Delta P \leq 0.5 e$ after 30 minutes; and
 $\Delta P \leq 0.2 e$ between the indication obtained at 15 minutes and that at 30 minutes

Condition b): $\Delta P \leq$ absolute value of mpe during the period of 4 hours

Check if condition a) or b) is fulfilled

Passed Failed

Remarks:

7 STABILITY OF EQUILIBRIUM (A.4.12)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp:				°C
Rel. h:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

In the case of printing or data storage:

No.	Load (about 50 % of Max)	First printed or stored weight value after disturbance and command	Reading during 5 s after print-out or storage	
			minimum value	maximum value
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

Check if the first printed or stored weight value does not deviate more than 1 *e* from the readings during 5 seconds after print-out or storage (only two adjacent values allowed)

Passed Failed

In the case of zero-setting or tare balancing:

Zero-setting $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L_0$					
No.*	Zero-load ($< 4\%$ of Max)	Load, L_0^{**} (10 <i>e</i>)	Indication, I_0 after zero-setting	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E_0
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

Tare balancing $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L_0$					
No.*	Tare load (about 30 % of Max)	Load, L_0^{**} (10 <i>e</i>)	Indication, I_0 after tare balancing	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E_0
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

* Apply the zero or tare load, disturb the equilibrium and immediately release zero-setting or tare, apply L_0 if necessary and calculate the error according to A.4.2.3/A.4.6.2 of R 76-1. Perform this five times.

** L_0 (10 *e*) shall be applied only if an automatic zero-setting or zero-tracking device is in operation. L_0 shall be applied after releasing tare or zero-setting, immediately after zero is displayed the first time.

Check if $E_0 \leq 0.25 e$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

8 TILTING (A.5.1, A.5.1.1-A.5.1.3)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

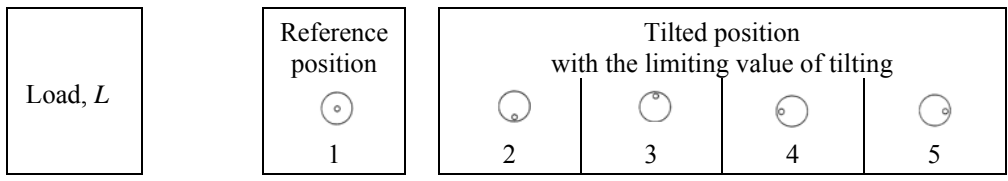
- Instrument with leveling device and level indicator
- Instrument with automatic tilt sensor
- Instrument without level indicator or automatic tilt sensor
- Mobile instrument with automatic tilt sensor
- Mobile instrument with Cardanic suspension

Limiting value of tilting =

Give (if appropriate on a separate sheet) a sketch of the load receptor showing the location of the level indicator or direction of the tilting, if provided.

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

- Non-existent
 - Not in operation
 - Out of working range
- $E_v = I_v + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_v - L$ ($v = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$), I_v = Indication, ΔL_v = additional load
 with E_{v0} = error calculated at or near zero
 $E_{c v} = E_v - E_{v0}$



unloaded	$I_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	$2 e =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	
	$\Delta L_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		$ E_{c 1} - E_{c v} _{\max} =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
	$E_{v0} =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		

$L =$	$I_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	$mpe =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	
	$\Delta L_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		$ E_{c 1} - E_{c v} _{\max} =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
	$E_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		
	$E_{c v} =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		

(Max)	$I_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	$mpe =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	
	$\Delta L_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		$ E_{c 1} - E_{c v} _{\max} =$ <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
	$E_v =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		
	$E_{c v} =$	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>		

Check if the differences are

- a) $\leq 2 e$ for the unloaded instrument (not valid for class II instruments, if they are not used for direct sales to the public)
- b) \leq absolute value of mpe for the loaded instrument

Passed Failed

Remarks:

9 TARE (WEIGHING TEST) (A.4.6.1)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$$E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero}^*$$

	Load, L	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error, E		Corrected error, E_c		mpe
		↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
First tare load <input type="text"/>		*				*				

Second tare load <input type="text"/>		*				*				

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

10 WARM-UP TIME (A.5.2)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

Duration of disconnection before test: hours

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

E_0 = error calculated prior to each measurement at or near zero (unloaded)

E_L = error calculated at load (loaded)

	Time*	Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>	Add. load, ΔL	Error, <i>E</i>	$E_L - E_0$	mpe =
Unloaded	0 min						
Loaded							
Unloaded	5 min						
Loaded							
Unloaded	15 min						
Loaded							
Unloaded	30 min						
Loaded							

* counted from the moment an indication has first appeared.

Check if $|E_L - E_0| \leq |mpe|$

Passed Failed

Remarks:

11 VOLTAGE VARIATIONS (A.5.4)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

(only class I)

- Mains power supply (AC), A.5.4.1
- External or plug-in power supply device (AC or DC), A.5.4.2
- Rechargeable battery power supply, (re)charge during the operation of the instrument is possible, A.5.4.2
- Non-rechargeable and rechargeable battery power supply, (re)charge during the operation of the instrument is not possible, A.5.4.3
- 12 V or 24 V road vehicle battery power supply, A.5.4.4

$U_{nom} = \boxed{} \text{ V} \quad U_{min} = \boxed{} \text{ V} \quad U_{max} = \boxed{} \text{ V}$

Calculate lower and upper limits of applied voltages according to A.5.4. If a voltage-range (U_{min} / U_{max}) is marked, use the average value as reference value.

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

- Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

Category of power supply (if an instrument has more than one power supply):

$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero

Voltage	U , (V)	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E	Corrected error, E_c	mpe
Reference value		10 $e =$					
Lower limit		10 $e =$					
Upper limit		10 $e =$					

Category of power supply (if an instrument has more than one power supply):

$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero

Voltage	U , (V)	Load, L	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E	Corrected error, E_c	mpe
Reference value		10 $e =$					
Lower limit		10 $e =$					
Upper limit		10 $e =$					

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

- Passed Failed

Remarks:

12 ELECTRICAL DISTURBANCES

12.1 AC mains voltage dips and short interruptions (B.3.1)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Mains power supply voltage: U_{nom} V U_{min} V U_{max} V

Power supply voltage for the test: U_{test} V = U_{nom} or the average value of U_{min} and U_{max}

Load	Disturbance				Result		
	Amplitude of U_{test}	Duration / number of cycles	Number of disturbances ≥ 10	Repetition interval (s) ≥ 10 s	Indication, I	Significant fault ($> e$) or detection and reaction	
						No	Yes (see remarks)
	Without disturbance						
	0 %	0.5					
	0 %	1					
	40 %	10					
	70 %	25					
	80 %	250					
	0 %	250					

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

12.2 Electrical bursts (B.3.2)

a) Mains power supply lines

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Mains power supply voltage: U_{nom} V U_{min} V U_{max} V

Power supply voltage for the test: U_{test} V = U_{nom} or the average value of U_{min} and U_{max}

Test voltage (bursts) on each connection of the mains power supply lines: 1 kV

Duration of the test at connection and each polarity: 1 min

Load	Disturbance				Result		
	Bursts on connection			Polarity	Indication, I	Significant fault ($> e$) or detection and reaction	
	L ↓ ground	N ↓ ground	PE ↓ ground			No	Yes (see remarks)
	Without disturbance						
	X			positive			
				negative			
	Without disturbance						
		X		positive			
				negative			
	Without disturbance						
			X	positive			
				negative			

L = phase, N = neutral, PE = protective earth

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

b) I/O circuits and communication lines

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Test voltage (bursts) on each cable/interface (I/O signals, data and control lines): 0.5 kV

Duration of the test at each cable/interface and each polarity: 1 min

Load	Disturbance		Result	
	Bursts on cable/interface (Type, nature)	Polarity/ disturbance	Indication, <i>I</i>	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction
				No | Yes (see remarks)
	1	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	2	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	3	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	4	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	5	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	6	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	7	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	8	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		
	9	Without disturbance		
		positive		
		negative		

Explain or make a sketch indicating where the clamp is located on the cable; if necessary, use additional page.

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

12.3 Surges (B.3.3)

a) AC mains power supply

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Surges on AC mains power supply lines

Load	Disturbance					Polarity	Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	3 positive and 3 negative surges synchronously with AC supply voltage							No	Yes (see remarks)
	amplitude/ apply on	angle							
	0°	90°	180°	270°					
0.5 kV L ↓ N	Without disturbance								
	X				pos				
					neg				
		X			pos				
					neg				
				X	pos				
					neg				
					X	pos			
					neg				
	1 kV L ↓ PE	Without disturbance							
		X				pos			
						neg			
		X			pos				
					neg				
				X	pos				
					neg				
					X	pos			
					neg				
1 kV N ↓ PE		Without disturbance							
		X				pos			
						neg			
		X			pos				
					neg				
				X	pos				
					neg				
					X	pos			
					neg				

L = phase, N = neutral, PE = protective earth
 Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

b) Any other kind of power supply

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Kind or type of power supply

DC Other form Voltage

Surges on other power supply lines

Load	Disturbance			Result		
	3 positive and 3 negative surges apply on		Polarity	Indication, <i>I</i>	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction	
	amplitude				No	Yes (see remarks)
L ↓ N	Without disturbance					
	0.5 kV		pos			
			neg			
L ↓ PE	Without disturbance					
	1 kV		pos			
			neg			
N ↓ PE	Without disturbance					
	1 kV		pos			
			neg			

L = positive conductor, N = negative or neutral conductor, PE = protective earth

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

12.4 Electrostatic discharges (B.3.4)

a) Direct application

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Contact discharge Paint penetration
 Air discharges

Load	Discharges				Result		
	Test voltage (kV)	Polarity	Number of discharges ≥ 10	Repetition interval ≥ 10 s	Indication, <i>I</i>	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction	
						No	Yes (remarks, test points)
	Without disturbance						
	2	pos.					
	4	pos.					
	6	pos.					
	8 (air discharges)	pos.					
	Without disturbance						
	2	neg.					
	4	neg.					
	6	neg.					
	8 (air discharges)	neg.					

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Note: If the EUT fails, the test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.

Remarks:

b) Indirect application (contact discharges only)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Horizontal coupling plane

Load	Discharges				Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Test voltage (kV)	Polarity	Number of discharges ≥ 10	Repetition interval ≥ 10 s		No	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction Yes (remarks, test points)
	Without disturbance						
	2	pos.					
	4	pos.					
	6	pos.					
	Without disturbance						
	2	neg.					
	4	neg.					
	6	neg.					

Vertical coupling plane

Load	Discharges				Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Test voltage (kV)	Polarity	Number of discharges ≥ 10	Repetition interval ≥ 10 s		No	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction Yes (remarks, test points)
	Without disturbance						
	2	pos.					
	4	pos.					
	6	pos.					
	Without disturbance						
	2	neg.					
	4	neg.					
	6	neg.					

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Note: If the EUT fails, the test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.

Remarks:

Specification of test points of EUT (direct application), e.g. by photos or sketches

a) Direct application

Contact discharges:

Air discharges:

b) Indirect application

12.5 Immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields (B.3.5)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Frequency range 26-2000 MHz if the test according to B.3.6 cannot be applied (no mains or I/O ports available)

Frequency range 80-2000 MHz if the test according to B.3.6 is performed (see form no. 12.6)

Rate of sweep: Material of load:

Load	Disturbance				Result		
	Antenna	Frequency range (MHz)	Polarization	Facing EUT	Indication, <i>I</i>	Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction	
						No	Yes (remarks)
	Without disturbance						
			Vertical	Front			
				Right			
				Left			
				Rear			
			Horizontal	Front			
				Right			
				Left			
				Rear			
			Vertical	Front			
				Right			
				Left			
				Rear			
			Horizontal	Front			
				Right			
				Left			
				Rear			

Frequency range: 26-2000 MHz or 80-2000 MHz

Field strength: 10 V/m

Modulation: 80 % AM, 1 kHz, sine wave

Note: If EUT fails, the frequency at which this occurs shall be recorded

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

Description of the set-up of EUT, e.g. by photos or sketches:

12.6 Immunity to conducted radio-frequency fields (B.3.6)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Rate of sweep:

Load:

Material of load:

Cable / Interface	Frequency range (MHz)	Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
			Significant fault (> <i>e</i>) or detection and reaction	
			No	Yes (remarks)
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			
	without disturbance			

Frequency range: 0.15-80 MHz RF amplitude (50 ohms): 10 V (e.m.f.) Modulation: 80 % AM, 1 kHz, sine wave
 Check if a significant fault occurred.
 Note: If the EUT fails, the frequency at which this occurs shall be recorded

Passed Failed

Remarks:

12.7 Electrical transients on instruments powered from a road vehicle power supply (B.3.7)

a) Conduction along supply lines of external 12 V and 24 V batteries

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

12 V battery voltage 24 V battery voltage

12 V battery voltage					
Load	Disturbance		Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Test pulse	Conducted voltage		No	Yes (remarks)
	Without disturbance				
	2a	+50 V			
	2b*	+10 V			
	3a	-150 V			
	3b	+100 V			
	4	-7 V			

24 V battery voltage					
Load	Disturbance		Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Test pulse	Conducted voltage		No	Yes (remarks)
	Without disturbance				
	2a	+50 V			
	2b*	+20 V			
	3a	-200 V			
	3b	+200 V			
	4	-16 V			

* Test pulse 2b is only applicable if the measuring instrument may be connected to the battery via the main (ignition) switch of the car, i.e. if the manufacturer of the measuring instrument has **not** specified that the instrument is to be connected directly (or by its own main switch) to the battery.

Check if a significant fault occurred

Passed Failed

Remarks:

b) Capacitive and inductive coupling via lines other than supply lines

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

Temp.:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

12 V battery voltage 24 V battery voltage

12 V battery voltage						
Kind or type of other lines (no power supply lines)	Disturbance			Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Load	Test pulse	Conducted voltage		No	Yes (remarks)
					Without disturbance	
	a		-60 V			
	b		+40 V			
	Without disturbance					
	a		-60 V			
	b		+40 V			
	Without disturbance					
	a		-60 V			
	b		+40 V			

24 V battery voltage						
Kind or type of other lines (no power supply lines)	Disturbance			Indication, <i>I</i>	Result	
	Load	Test pulse	Conducted voltage		No	Yes (remarks)
					Without disturbance	
	a		-80 V			
	b		+80 V			
	Without disturbance					
	a		-80 V			
	b		+80 V			
	Without disturbance					
	a		-80 V			
	b		+80 V			

Check if a significant fault occurred.
 Note: If EUT fails, the frequency at which this occurs shall be recorded

Passed Failed

Remarks:

13 DAMP HEAT, STEADY STATE (B.2)

a) Initial test (at reference temperature)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

- Non-existent
 Not in operation
 Out of working range
 In operation

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$$E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero}^*$$

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>		Add. load, ΔL		Error, <i>E</i>		Corrected error, <i>E_c</i>		mpe
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
*					*				

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

- Passed
 Failed

Remarks:

b) Test at high temperature and 85 % relative humidity

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than *e*):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:
 Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$
 $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero*

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>		Add. load, ΔL		Error, <i>E</i>		Corrected error, <i>E_c</i>		mpe
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
*					(*)				

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$
 Passed Failed

Remarks:

c) Final test (at reference temperature)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Date:
 Observer:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

- Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$$E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero}^*$$

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error, E		Corrected error, E_c		mpe
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
*					*				

Check if $|E_c| \leq |mpe|$

- Passed Failed

Remarks:

14 SPAN STABILITY (B.4)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Verification scale interval, *e*:
 Resolution during test (smaller than *e*):

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range

Zero load = Test load =

Automatic span adjustment device:

Existent Non-existent

Measurement no. 1: Initial measurement

Date:
 Observer:
 Location:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0) =$

$(E_L - E_0)_{\max} - (E_L - E_0)_{\min} =$

$0.1 e =$

If $|(E_L - E_0)_{\max} - (E_L - E_0)_{\min}| \leq 0.1 e$, the loading and reading will be sufficient for each of the subsequent measurements; if not, five loadings and readings shall be performed at each measurement.

Remarks:

Subsequent measurements

Measurement no. 2:

Date:	.....	Temp.:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	.....	Rel. h.:				%
Location:	.....	Time:				
		Bar. pres.:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Measurement no. 3:

Date:	.....	Temp.:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	.....	Rel. h.:				%
Location:	.....	Time:				
		Bar. pres.:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Subsequent measurements

Measurement no. 4:

Date:	.....	Temp.:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	.....	Rel. h.:				%
Location:	.....	Time:				
		Bar. pres.:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Measurement no. 5:

Date:	.....	Temp.:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	.....	Rel. h.:				%
Location:	.....	Time:				
		Bar. pres.:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Subsequent measurements

Measurement no. 6:

Date:	Temp:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	Rel. h:				%
Location:	Time:				
	Bar. pres:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Measurement no. 7:

Date:	Temp:	At start	At max	At end	°C
Observer:	Rel. h:				%
Location:	Time:				
	Bar. pres:				hPa

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the temperature test | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after the damp heat test |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after disconnection from the mains | <input type="checkbox"/> Measurement after change in test location |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other condition: | |

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Subsequent measurements

Measurement no. :

Date:
 Observer:
 Location:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

- Measurement after the temperature test Measurement after the damp heat test
 Measurement after disconnection from the mains Measurement after change in test location
 Other condition:

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

Remarks:

Measurement no. :

Date:
 Observer:
 Location:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

- Measurement after the temperature test Measurement after the damp heat test
 Measurement after disconnection from the mains Measurement after change in test location
 Other condition:

Automatic span adjustment device activated (if existent)

$$E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L_0 - L_0 \quad E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, I_L	Add. load, ΔL	E_L	$E_L - E_0$	Corrected value*
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

* When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

If five loadings and readings have been performed: Average error = average ($E_L - E_0$) =

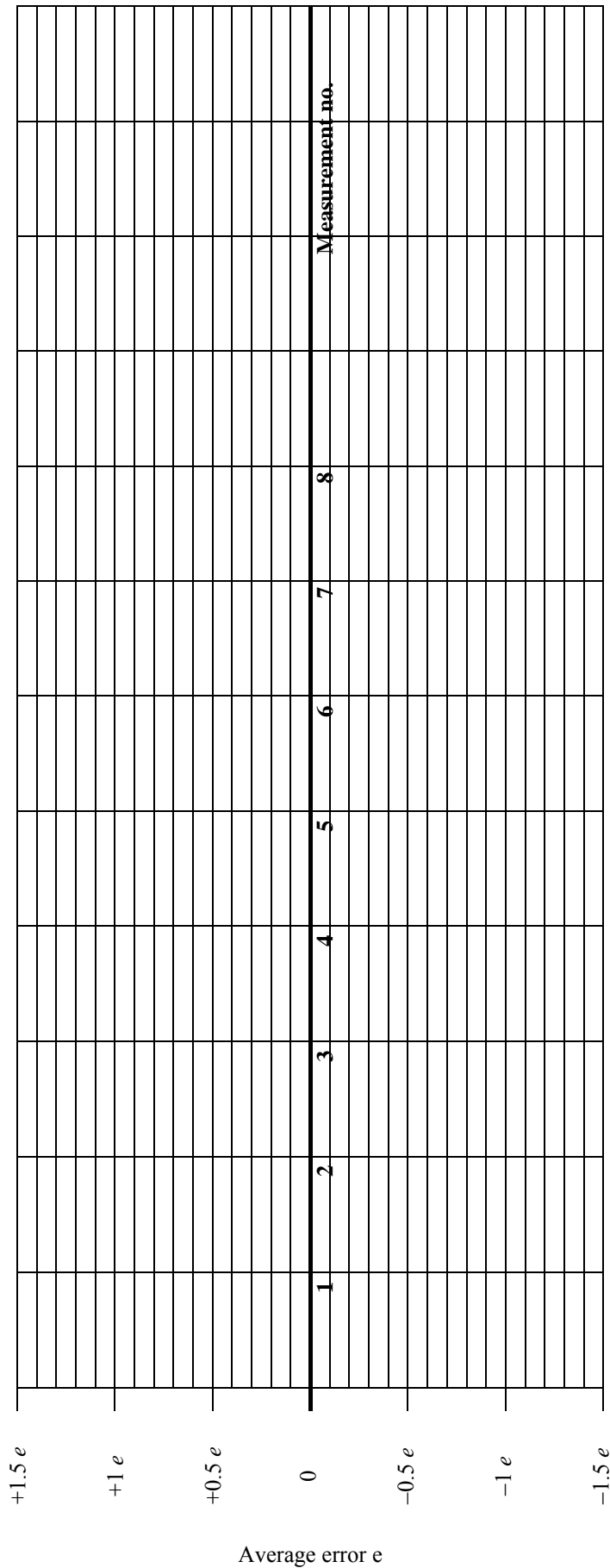
Remarks:

14 SPAN STABILITY (B.4)

Application no.:

Type designation:

Plot on the diagram the indication of temperature test (T) damp heat test (D) and disconnections from the mains power supply (P)



Maximum allowable variation

Passed Failed

15 ENDURANCE (A.6)

Application no.:
 Type designation:
 Verification
 scale interval, e :
 Resolution during test
 (smaller than e):

a) Initial test

Date:
 Observer:
 Location:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$$E_c = E - E_0 \text{ with } E_0 = \text{error calculated at or near zero}^*$$

Load, L	Indication, I		Add. load, ΔL		Error, E		Corrected error, E_c		mpe
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	
	*				*				

b) Performance of the test

Number of loadings:

Load applied:

c) Final test

Date:
 Observer:
 Location:

	At start	At max	At end	
Temp.:				°C
Rel. h.:				%
Time:				
Bar. pres.:				hPa

Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is:

Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation

$$E = I + \frac{1}{2} e - \Delta L - L$$

$E_c = E - E_0$ with E_0 = error calculated at or near zero*

Durability error due to wear and tear = $|E_{c\ initial} - E_{c\ final}|^{**}$

Load, <i>L</i>	Indication, <i>I</i>		Add. load, ΔL		Error, <i>E</i>		Corrected error, E_c		mpe	Durability error due to wear and tear**
	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑		
*					*					

Check if the durability error due to wear and tear is \leq mpe

Passed Failed

Remarks:

16 EXAMINATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE INSTRUMENT

Use this page to indicate any description or information pertaining to the instrument, additional to that already contained in this report and in the accompanying national type approval or OIML Certificate. This may include a picture of the complete instrument, a description of its main components, and any remark which could be useful for authorities responsible for the initial or subsequent verification of individual instruments built according to the type. It may also include references to the manufacturer.

Description:

Remarks:

CHECKLIST

This checklist has been developed based on the following principles:

- to include requirements that cannot be tested according to tests 1 through 15 above, but that shall be checked experimentally, e.g. the operating range of the tare device (4.6.4), or visually, e.g. the descriptive markings (7.1);
- to include requirements which indicate prohibitions of some functions, e.g. automatic tare device for instruments for direct sales to the public (4.13.3.3);
- to include neither general requirements, e.g. suitability for use (4.1.1.2), nor weights and verification devices, e.g. auxiliary verification devices (4.9);
- not to include requirements that allow functions or devices to be used, e.g. a combined semi-automatic zero-setting and tare device operated by the same key (4.5.4).

This checklist is intended to serve as a summary of the results of examinations to be performed and not as a procedure. The items on this checklist are provided to recall the requirements specified in R 76-1, and they shall not be considered as a substitution to these requirements.

As for non-self-indicating instruments, clause 6 of R 76-1 shall be followed in lieu of this checklist.

The requirements that are not included in this type evaluation report (tests 1-15 and checklist 17) are considered to be globally covered by the type approval or OIML Certificate (e.g. classification criteria [3.2 and 3.3], suitability for application, use and verification [4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.3]).

For non-mandatory devices, the checklist provides space to indicate whether or not the device exists and, if appropriate, its type. A cross in the box for “existent” indicates that the device exists and that it complies with the definition given in the terminology. When indicating that a device is non-existent, also check the boxes to indicate that the tests are not applicable (see page 5).

If appropriate, the results stated in this checklist may be supplemented by remarks given on additional pages.

17 CHECKLIST

Application no.:
 Type designation:

17.1 All types of weighing instruments except non-self-indicating instruments (6.1-6.9, R 76-1)

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
Descriptive markings					
7.1.1 (+3.3.1) (+3.3.1)	A.3	Compulsory in all cases:			
		manufacturer's mark or name			
		accuracy class			
		maximum capacity, Max, Max ₁ , Max ₂ ,...			
		minimum capacity, Min			
		verification scale interval, <i>e</i> , <i>e</i> ₁ , <i>e</i> ₂ , ...			
7.1.2	A.3	Compulsory if applicable:			
		name or mark of manufacturer's agent			
		serial number			
		identification marks on separate but associated units			
		type approval mark			
		scale interval, <i>d</i> (<i>d</i> < <i>e</i>)			
		software identification (if applicable)			
		maximum tare effect, T (subtractive tare only if T ≠ Max)			
		maximum safe load, Lim (if Lim > Max + T)			
		special temperature limits			
		counting ratio			
		ratio between weight platform and load platform			
				range of plus/minus indication	
7.1.3 3.2 4.15	A.3	Additional markings:			
		not to be used for direct sales to the public			
		to be used exclusively for:			
		the stamp does not guarantee / guarantees only			
		to be used only as follows:			
		special applications clearly marked (weighings ranges in classes I and II or II and III)			
		near display "not to be used for direct sales to the public" (for instruments similar to those used for direct sales to the public)			
7.1.4 7.1.4 and 7.1.1 B, 7.1.2 G	A.3	Presentation of markings:			
		indelible			
		easily readable			
		grouped together in a clearly visible place			
		Max, Min, <i>e</i> and <i>d</i> (if <i>d</i> ≠ <i>e</i>) on or near display permanently shown in a clearly visible position			
		possible to seal and apply a control mark/removal will result in destruction			
		markings B and G			
		additional information shown alternatively on a plate or displayed by a software solution either permanently or accessed by a simple manual command			
7.1.5.1	A.3	Instruments with several load receptors and load measuring devices:			
		identification mark, Max, Min and <i>e</i> of each load receptor on relating load measuring device (Lim and T = + if applicable)			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
7.1.5.2	A.3	Separately-built main parts: identification mark repeated in descriptive markings			
4.1.1.3		Suitability for verification: identification of devices which have been subject to separate type examination			
Verification marks and sealing					
7.2	A.3	Verification mark: cannot be removed easy application visibility without the instrument to be moved when it is in service			
7.2.2		Verification mark support or space: which ensures conservation of the mark for stamp, stamping area $\geq 150 \text{ mm}^2$ for self-adhesive type, $\varnothing \geq 15 \text{ mm}$			
4.1.2.4	A.3	Securing of components and preset controls: location form			
4.1.2.4		Securing with software means			
4.1.2.4 a		legal status of the instrument recognizable evidence of any intervention			
4.1.2.4 b		protection against changes of parameters and the reference numbers			
4.1.2.4 c		facilities for affixing the reference number			
4.1.2.5		Span adjustment device (automatic or semi-automatic): external influence impossible after securing	Existent <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>	
4.1.2.6		Gravity compensation: external influence on or access to impossible after securing	Existent <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>	
Documentation					
8.2.1	A.1	Technical information and data:			
8.2.1.1,		characteristics of the instrument			
3.10.2		specifications of modules			
3.10.2.1		fractions, p_i (modules tested separately)			
3.10.4		specifications of families			
		specifications of components			
8.2.1.2		applicable descriptive documents (according to nos. 1-11)			
5.3.6.1	A.1	specific declaration of the manufacturer			
3.9.1.1		limiting value of tilting defined by the manufacturer			
8.2.2	A.2	Examination of: documents functions (spot checks) test reports from other authorities			
Indicating device					
4.2.1		Reading: reliable, easy and unambiguous overall inaccuracy $\leq 0.2 e$ (analog indication) size, shape and clarity by simple juxtaposition			
4.2.2.1	A.3	Units of: mass price			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
4.2.2.1		Form of indication:			
		for one indication, one unit of mass			
		scale interval in the form $(1, 2 \text{ or } 5) \times 10^k$			
4.2.2.2		same scale interval for all indicating devices, printing devices and tare weighing devices			
		Form of digital indication:			
		at least one figure at right			
		Decimal sign:			
		shall maintain its position (scale interval changed automatically)			
		separate at least one figure to the left and all to the right on one line with the bottom of the figures			
		Zero:			
4.2.3		only one non-significant zero to the right			
		for values with decimal sign, non-significant zero only in third position			
4.2.3		Limits:			
		preventing of indication above $\text{Max} + 9 e$			
4.2.4		preventing of indication below zero unless a tare device is in operation ($-20 d$ is accepted)			
		“Approximate” displaying device: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
4.2.5		scale interval $> \text{Max}/100$ without being smaller than $20 e$			
		Semi-self indicating instruments:			
4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3 4.3.4		extension of self-indication range \leq self-indication capacity			
		Analog indication:			
		thickness and length of scale marks			
		scale spacing			
		limit of movement below zero and above capacity of self-indication			
4.4.1 4.4.2		damping of oscillations of displaying component			
		Changing of digital indication:			
		after change in load, previous indication not longer than 1 s			
		Stable equilibrium of digital indication:			
4.4.3		printed or stored weight values do not deviate more than $1 e$ from the final weight value			
		zero or tare operations are within their accuracy requirements			
		no printing, data storage, zero-setting, or taring during continuous or temporary disturbance of equilibrium			
		Extended digital indication: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
4.4.4		not allowed when there is a differentiated scale division			
		displaying a smaller scale interval only during pressing a key			
		at most, 5 s after manual command			
		prevention of printing while the device is in operation			
		Digital indications other than primary indications: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		additional indications do not lead to any ambiguity to primary indications			
4.4.4		quantities identified by units, symbols, signs or designations thereof			
		weight values (not weighed) shall be clearly identified or display only temporarily on manual command and shall not be printed			
		the inoperative weighing mode is clear and unambiguously recognizable			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
4.4.5		Digital printing: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		clear and permanent			
		figures ≥ 2 mm high			
		name or symbol of units to the right of the value above column of values			
		printing impossible when equilibrium not stable			
4.4.6		Memory storage: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		storage, transfer, totalizing, etc. inhibited when equilibrium not stable			
3.4.1		Auxiliary indicating device (Classes I and II only; not allowed on multi-interval instruments) Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		If existent, type: rider <input type="checkbox"/> interpolation <input type="checkbox"/> complementary <input type="checkbox"/> differentiated scale division <input type="checkbox"/>			
3.4.2		only to the right of decimal sign			
		$d < e \leq 10 d, e = 10^k \text{ kg or } e = 1 \text{ mg for class I with } d < 1 \text{ mg}$			
Differences between results					
3.6.3		Differences:			
		between multiple indications: $\leq mpe$			
3.6.4		between digital indications and printout: zero			
		between two results: $\leq mpe$ for same load when method of balancing changed (semi-self-indicating)			
3.9.1.1		Tilting of instrument of class II, III or IIII			
		a marking on the level indicator shows the limiting value of tilting			
		level indicator fixed firmly in a place clearly visible to the user			
		an automatic tilt sensor releases a display switch-off or other appropriate alarm signal			
		and inhibits the printout and data transmission			
Zero-setting, -tracking and -indicating					
			Existing	Non-existent	
Initial zero-setting			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Automatic zero-setting			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Semi-automatic zero-setting			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Non automatic zero-setting			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Zero-tracking			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Zero-indicating			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4.5.1	A.4.2.1	Effect shall not alter Max			
		Overall effect of: zero-setting			= %
		zero-tracking initial zero-setting			= %
4.5.2	A.4.2.3	Accuracy:			
		deviation $\leq 0.25 e$			
4.5.3		Multiple range: Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		effective for greater weighing range (if switching when loaded possible)			
4.5.4		Control of zero-setting:			
		separate from that of tare weighing device			
		Semi-automatic zero-setting: functions only			
		in stable equilibrium and			
		if it cancels any previous tare operation			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
4.5.5	A.4.2.2	Zero-indicating device (digital indication):			
		shows deviation $\leq 0.25 e$ not mandatory if auxiliary indicating device or rate of zero-tracking $\geq 0.25 d/s$			
4.5.6		Automatic zero-setting:			
		operates only when equilibrium stable and indication has remained stable below zero at least 5 seconds			
4.5.7		Zero-tracking:			
		operates only when indication at zero or at negative net value equivalent to gross zero and equilibrium stable			
		corrections $\leq 0.5 d/s$			
		when operates after tare, the overall effect may be 4 % of Max			
Tare devices			Existent	Non-existent	
Tare weighing			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Tare balancing			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Combined zero-setting and tare balancing			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Tare indicating			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Type: Subtractive			<input type="checkbox"/>	Additive	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.6.1		applicable requirements from 4.1 through 4.4 are fulfilled			
4.6.2		Tare weighing device:			
		$d_T = d$			
4.6.3	A.4.6.2	Accuracy:			
		$\pm 0.25 e$ (electronic instruments and instruments with analog indication), $e = e_1$ for multi-interval better than $\pm 0.5 d$ (mechanical instruments with digital indication)			
4.6.4		Operating range:			
		prevention of operation _____ at its zero effect or _____ below its zero effect			
		prevention of operation above its maximum indicated			
4.6.5		Visibility of operation:			
		operation indicated			
		net with sign "NET", "Net", "net" or complete word (digital indication)			
		NET disappears if gross displayed temporarily tare value or letter "T" (mechanical additive tare device)			
4.6.6		Subtractive tare:			
		prevention of use above Max or indication that capacity is reached			
4.6.7		Multiple range:			
		operation effective in greater weighing ranges if switching when loaded possible tare values are rounded to the scale interval of the actual weighing range which is in operation			
4.6.8		Semi-automatic or automatic tare: operation only in stable equilibrium			
4.6.9		Combined zero/tare:			
		accuracy (4.5.2)			
		zero indicating device (4.5.5) zero-tracking (4.5.7)			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
4.6.10		Consecutive tare operations:			
		indicated or printed tare weight values clearly designated (if tare devices operative at the same time)			
4.6.11		Printing net or gross:			
		without designation			
		designation: by G or B (gross)			
		by N (only net printed)			
		designation of net and tare by N and T (if net printed with gross and/or tare)			
		instead of G, B, N and T, complete words			
		printing separately net and tare with identification (determined by different tare devices)			
Preset tare			Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>		
4.7.1		$d_T = d$ or automatically rounded to d			
		transferred from one range to another one with larger e_i , shall be rounded to the latter (multiple range)			
		tare value $\leq \text{Max}_1$ for the same net weight value (multi-interval) and calculated net value rounded to the scale interval for the same net weight value			
4.7.2		4.6.10 applies			
		cannot be modified/cancelled if tare operated after the preset tare is still in use			
4.7.3		operates automatically if clearly identified with load			
		4.6.5 applies			
		possibility to indicate preset tare			
		if calculated net printed then preset tare value is printed as well			
		4.6.11 applies			
		designation of preset tare by PT or complete word			
Locking devices			Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>		
4.8.1		Positions:			
		only two stable positions			
4.8.2		weighing only in 'weigh' position			
		positions clearly shown			
Multiple ranges			Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>		
4.10		Selection of weighing ranges:			
		range in operation clearly indicated			
		selection from smaller to greater range possible at any load (manual)			
		selection from smaller to the following greater range (automatic) possible only for load $\geq \text{Max}_i$ of smaller range			
		selection from a greater to a smaller range (manually) or to the smallest range (automatically) only			
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ at no load when zero or negative net value is indicated ▪ tare is cancelled automatically ▪ zero is set to $\pm 0.25 e_1$ automatically 			
Selection between load receptors, transmitting and measuring devices			Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>		
4.11, 4.11.1 4.11.2 4.11.3 4.11.4		compensation for unequal no-load effect			
		zero-setting without ambiguity and in accordance with 4.5			
		weighing impossible while selection			
		combinations easy identifiable			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
4.12		“Plus and minus” comparator instruments			
4.12.1		Distinction of zones:			
		“+” and “-” signs (analog indication) by inscription (digital indication)			
4.12.2		Scale:			
		with at least one scale division, $d = e$ on either side of zero and value of $d = e$ shown at either end			
		Mechanical counting instruments with unit weigh receptor			
4.17.1		Scale:			
		with at least one scale division, $d = e$ on either side of zero and value of $d = e$ shown on the scale			
4.17.2		Counting ratio:			
		shown clearly above each counting platform or each counting scale mark			
4.20		Modes of operation:			
		clearly identification of mode which is actually in operation			
		manual switching back to weighing mode in any mode and at any time possible			
		automatic selection of mode only within a weighing sequence			
		automatic switching back to the weighing mode at the end of the weighing sequence			
		zero indication after returning from switch-off condition automatic check of zero position before returning from switch-off condition			

17.2 Instruments for direct sales to the public and price computing and labeling instruments

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
Miscellaneous checks (direct sales to the public)					
4.5.4		Combined semi-automatic zero-setting device and semi-automatic tare-balancing device operated by the same key:			
		not allowed			
4.8.1		“Prewriteg” position:			
		not allowed			
4.13.10		Counting ratio:			
		1/10 or 1/100 (mechanical counting instrument)			
4.13.5		Impossibility of weighing during:			
		locking operation			
		adding or subtracting weights			
4.13.7		Auxiliary and extended indicating device:			
		not allowed			
4.13.9		When significant fault has been detected¹ (electronic instruments):			
		visible or audible alarm provided for customer and			
		data transmission prevented			
		until user takes action or cause disappears			
Indication device (direct sales to the public)					
4.13.1, 4.13.6		Primary indications to both vendor and customer:			
		two display sets, one vendor- and one customer display:	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
		one display set for vendor and customer	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
		weight			
		information about correct zero position			
		tare operation			
		preset tare operation			
		height of numerical figures displayed to the customer ≥ 9.5 mm			
		Instruments to be used with weights:			
		value of weights possible to distinguish			
Zero-setting device (direct sales to the public)					
4.13.2		Non-automatic zero-setting:			
		only allowed when operated with a tool			
Tare device (direct sales to the public)					
4.13.3		not allowed on mechanical instrument with weights receptor			
		on instruments with one platform public can see whether:			
		- tare is in use			
		- tare setting is altered			
		only one tare shall be in operation at any given time			
		while tare or preset tare is in operation recalling of gross values is prohibited			
4.13.3.1		Non-automatic tare:			
		displacement of 5 mm at most <i>e</i>			
4.13.3.2		Semi-automatic tare:			
		reduction of value of tare not permitted and			
		canceling of tare effect only if no load on the receptor			
		One of the following condition fulfilled:			
		tare value indicated permanently in a separate display			

¹ Checked by verifying the compliance with documents or by simulating faults; this check does not duplicate the disturbance tests 12.1-12.7.

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
		indicated with sign “-” when no load on the receptor tare effect cancelled automatically when unloading after net weighing			
4.13.3.3		Automatic tare: not allowed			
4.13.4		Preset tare: indicated on separate display clearly differentiated from weight display reduction of tare value not permitted and canceling of tare effect only if no load on the receptor impossible to operate if tare device in operation cancelled at the same time as PLU if associated with PLU			
4.13.11		Self-service instruments: with one set of scales or displays <input type="checkbox"/> two sets of scales or displays <input type="checkbox"/> instrument has two sets of scales or displays Primary indications shall include the product designation if a ticket is printed			
Price computing instruments and price scales (direct sales to the public)					
4.14		Requirements of 4.13 for direct sales to the public are met			
4.14.1		Supplementary primary indications (4.13.6) unit price price to pay if applicable number, unit price and price to pay for non-weighed articles, price totals			
4.14.2		Price scales: 4.2 and 4.3.1-4.3.3			
4.3.1-4.3.3		error of price scale $|W \times U - P| \leq e \times U$			
4.14.3		Price computing: multiplication of indicated weight and unit price as indicated rounding to the nearest interval of price to pay unit price: price/100 g or price/kg Indications of weights, unit price and price to pay visible: while load on load receptor and for at least 1 s after stable weight indication or after any introduction of unit price freezing for ≤ 3 s after removing load and not possible to introduce or change unit price (if indication has been stable before and would otherwise be zero) printing weight, unit price and price to pay Stored in memory: before printing same data not to be printed twice for customer			
4.14.4		Additional functions for trade and management: all transactions are printed for customer they shall not lead to confusion			
4.14.4.1		Prices-to-pay (positive or negative) of non-weighed articles: weight indication zero or weighing mode inoperative prices shall be shown on price-to-pay display Prices for more than one equal articles: number of articles shown on weight display without being taken for a weight price for one article shown on unit price display			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
		supplementary display for number of articles and/or article prices			
4.14.4.2		Totalization of transactions on one or several tickets: price total indicated on price-to-pay display and printed accompanied by a special word or symbol and reference to commodities whose prices are totalized if a separate ticket is issued for total all prices-to-pay shall be printed and price total shall be the algebraic sum of these printed prices Totalization of transactions from linked instruments: price-to-pay scale intervals of all connected instruments identical			
4.14.4.3		Instrument used by several vendors or to serve more than one customer at the same time: connection between transactions and vendor or customer identified			
4.14.4.4		Canceling previous transactions: transaction is already printed: the price-to-pay cancelled shall be printed with comment transaction not yet printed and displayed to customer: transaction clearly differentiated from normal transactions			
4.14.4.5		Printing additional information: clearly correlated to transaction and does not interfere with assignment of weight value to unit symbol			
Price labeling instruments					
4.16		requirements 4.13.8, 4.14.3 (paragraphs 1 and 5), 4.14.4.1 (paragraph 1) and 4.14.4.5 are met Display: for weight possibility to verify values of unit price and preset tare during the use of the instrument Printing: prevention of printing below Min labels with fixed values of weight, unit price and price-to-pay allowed provided weighing mode is inoperative			
Mobile instruments used outside					
4.18.1		means to indicate that the limiting value of tilting has been exceeded and to inhibit printout and data transmission automatic zero-setting or tare balancing operation after each moving of the vehicle Weighing window Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/> indication when instrument is not in the weighing window and the printout and data transmission is inhibited equipped with an appropriate protection system if the load measuring device is sensitive to moving or driving influences prevention of wrong weighing results if the cardanic suspension system or load receptor comes into contact with the surrounding frame construction			
4.18.2		Other mobile instruments not to be used outside with a leveling device and a level indicator the leveling device shall be operated easily without tools appropriate inscription pointing the user to the necessity of leveling after each movement			

17.3 Electronic weighing instruments

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
Disturbances					
5.1.1		indication of significant faults in the display does not lead to confusion with other messages			
5.2		Acting upon significant faults in case 5.1.1 b):			
		instrument made automatically inoperative ¹ , or visual or audible indication until user takes action or fault disappears ¹			
Display check					
5.3.1		Upon switch-on:			
		signs of indication are active and non-active long enough to be checked by operator			
External equipment					
5.3.6		Interfaces (mechanical, electrical, logical) do not allow:			
5.3.6.1		▪ functions and measurement data to be inadmissibly influenced by peripheral devices, or other connected instruments, or disturbances			
		▪ displaying data which could be mistaken for a weighing result			
		▪ falsifying weighing results (displayed, processed, stored)			
		▪ changing adjustment factor or adjusting the instrument (except authorized cases)			
5.3.6.2		▪ falsifying displayed primary indications (direct sales)			
5.3.6.3		interfaces that do not fulfill 5.3.6.1 can be secured			
5.3.6	interfaces transmit data so that peripheral device can meet requirements				
		metrologically relevant functions performed or initiated through the interface meet relevant requirements of R 76-1			

¹ Checked by verifying the compliance with documents or by simulating faults; this check does not duplicate the disturbance tests 12.1-12.7.

17.4 Software-controlled digital devices and instruments

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks
Devices with embedded software			Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>		
5.5.1	G.1	declaration of the manufacturer that the software: ▪ is used in a fixed hardware and software environment, and			
		▪ cannot be modified or uploaded by any means after securing/ verification			
		the software documentation contains:			
		▪ description of the legally relevant functions			
		▪ description of the securing means (evidence of an intervention)			
		▪ software identification			
		▪ description how to check the actual software identification			
5.5.2.2 d	G.2.1	the legally relevant software is:			
		▪ documented with all relevant information			
		▪ protected against accidental or intentional changes			
5.5.2.2 a		evidence of intervention is available until the next verification / inspection			
5.5.2.2	G.2.2.1	Operation system / programs not accessible for the user			
5.5.2.2	G.2.2.2	Operating system / programs accessible for the user			
5.5.2.2	G.2.2.3	checksum or signature generated over the machine code of the legally relevant software			
5.5.2.2	G.2.2.3	legally relevant software cannot be started if the code is falsified			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	Software interfaces			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	if there is associated software providing other than measuring functions, the legally relevant software part:			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	▪ is separated from associated software			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	▪ identified			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	▪ cannot be influenced by the associated software			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	program modules of legally relevant software are defined and separated from the modules of associated software by a defined protective software interface			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	protective software interface itself is part of the legally relevant software			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	description and definition of functions of the legally relevant software that can be released via the protective software interface			
5.5.2.2 b	G.2.3	description and definition of parameters that may be exchanged via the protective software interface			

Requirement	Testing procedures		PASSED	FAILED	Remarks		
		description of the functions and parameters conclusive and complete					
		each documented function and parameter does not contradict with the requirements of this Recommendation					
		appropriate instructions for the application programmer concerning the protectiveness of the software interface					
5.5.2.2 c	G.2.4	Software identification					
		the legally relevant software is identified by a software identification					
		the software identification: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ covers all program modules of the legally relevant software and the type-specific parameters at runtime of the instrument ▪ is easily provided by the instrument ▪ can be compared with the reference identification fixed at type approval 					
		spot checks whether the checksums (signatures) are generated and work as documented					
		there exists an effective audit trail					
		Data storage devices (DSD)		Existent <input type="checkbox"/> Non-existent <input type="checkbox"/>			
		5.5.3	G.3.1	DSD realized with embedded software (examine software acc. to G.1)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	
DSD realized with programmable/loadable software (examine software acc. to G.1)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>			No <input type="checkbox"/>			
		documentation with all relevant information					
5.5.3.1	G.3.2	sufficient storage capacity for the intended purpose					
		data are stored and given back correctly					
		sufficient description of measures to prevent data loss					
5.5.3.2	G.3.3	storage of all relevant information necessary to reconstruct an earlier weighing, i.e. gross, net, tare values, decimal signs, units, identifications of the data set, instrument number, load receptor, (if applicable), checksum / signature of the data set stored					
5.5.3.3	G.3.4	protection of the stored legally relevant data against accidental or intentional changes					
		protection of the stored legally relevant data at least with a parity check during transmission to the storage device					
		protection of the stored legally relevant data at least with a parity check of a storage device with embedded software (5.5.1)					
		protection of the stored legally relevant data by an adequate checksum or of a storage device with programmable or loadable software (5.5.2)					
5.5.3.4	G.3.5	identification and indication of the stored legally relevant data with an identification number					
		record of the identification number on the official transaction medium, i.e. on the print-out					
5.5.3.5	G.3.6	automatic storage of the legally relevant data					
5.5.3.6	G.3.7	a device subject to legal control prints or displays the stored legally relevant data for verifying					